
From: Wurfel, Sara (GOV)
Sent: Thursday, October 01, 2015 6:27 PM
To: Dickinson, Sarah (GOV)
Subject: Fwd: Revised DRAFT Flint water action plan. Please review!
Attachments: image001.jpg

Ditto - but for Gov's briefing

Sent from my iPhone

Begin forwarded message:

From: "Murray, David (GOV)" <MurrayD1@michigan.gov>
Date: October 1, 2015 at 6:18:56 PM EDT
To: "Agen, Jarrod (GOV)" <AgenJ@michigan.gov>, "Wurfel, Sara (GOV)" <Wurfels@michigan.gov>, "Wurfel, Brad (DEQ)" <WurfelB@michigan.gov>, "Tommasulo, Karen (DEQ)" <TommasuloK@michigan.gov>, "Paciorek, Josh (GOV)" <Paciorekji@michigan.gov>, "Biehl, Laura (GOV)" <BiehlL@michigan.gov>, "Heaton, Anna (GOV)" <HeatonA@michigan.gov>
Subject: Revised DRAFT Flint water action plan. Please review!

Gov. Rick Snyder: Comprehensive action plan will help Flint residents address water concerns

Collaborative effort with state, federal and city leaders focuses on testing, assistance

FLINT, Mich. – Flint residents need to have access to safe, clean, water now and long into the future, Gov. Rick Snyder said, announcing a comprehensive action plan created with state, federal and city leaders to address concerns about drinking water.

The water leaving Flint's drinking water system is safe to drink, but some families with lead plumbing in their homes or connections might experience higher levels of lead in the water that comes out of their faucets.

The action plan focuses on increasing water testing, offering additional precautions for families with lead plumbing in their homes, and providing long-term solutions to address the city's water infrastructure challenges. The plan was created at Snyder's direction by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, and the Department of Health and Human Services, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, and the City of Flint.

“People are worried about their health and their families, and they need to have accurate information and know that help is available,” Snyder said. “Today’s action plan builds upon ongoing work with state and federal agencies and our partnership with city and community leaders. Together, we are working to ensure that all Flint residents can feel safe and address potential problems.”

The city and the state also are working together to gather more data to ensure the water that leaves the treatment plant as well as the water that arrives in Flint homes is safe for all residents. The plan includes:

- Testing in Flint public schools immediately to ensure that drinking water is safe, with testing also available at no cost to any other school in Flint.
- Expanding health exposure testing of individual homes.
- Offering free water testing to Flint residents to assure their drinking water is safe.
- Accelerating an optimization of corrosion controls in the Flint drinking water system.
- Expanding a Safe Drinking Water Technical Advisory Committee to ensure the best technology, practices and science are being followed by adding an expert from the Environmental Protection Agency’s Office of Research and Development to the group.
- Accelerating water system improvements to address replacing lead service lines.
- Naming Dr. Eden Wells, chief medical executive for the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services, as the Flint drinking water public health adviser.
- Providing water filters to residents with concerns or who are included in state assistance programs.
- Creating a comprehensive lead education program to make sure residents have detailed information about how to protect themselves and their homes.
- Expediting the completion of the Karegnondi Water Authority pipeline.

Residents can have their water tested by calling 810-787-6537 and pressing 1, or emailing flintwater@cityofflint.com. Additional information is available at www.michigan.gov/flintwater. State leaders have been working closely with state and federal lawmakers to tap resources at all levels of government to address concerns.

State health experts said there has been an increase in elevated childhood blood lead levels in some specific communities. Initial analysis of MDHHS data found that blood lead levels of children in Flint have followed an expected seasonal trend. While this analysis for Flint as a whole remains true, a comprehensive and detailed review breaking down data by ZIP codes