

Byrne, Randall (Treasury)

From: Gerald Ambrose <gambrose@cityofflint.com>
Sent: Tuesday, March 18, 2014 5:22 PM
To: Workman, Wayne (TREASURY); Koryzno, Edward (Treasury)
Cc: Darnell Earley; Cline, Richard (Treasury)
Subject: Fwd: order for Flint

Wayne and Ed,

We greatly appreciate the call made after our last meeting to DEQ by Eric Cline regarding the pending ACO. It has moved along, but still in process.

Any additional assistance you can give would be greatly appreciated. As you can see from Dave Massaron's email, formal approval of the ACO is required in order for the bond sale to proceed.

Thanks and see you tomorrow.

Jerry

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Massaron, David P. <Massaron@millereanfield.com>
Date: Tue, Mar 18, 2014 at 2:53 PM
Subject: RE: order for Flint
To: Gerald Ambrose <gambrose@cityofflint.com>
Cc: Darnell Earley <dearley@cityofflint.com>, Elizabeth Murphy <emurphy@cityofflint.com>, "Robinson Michael" <MRobinson@wnj.com>

Jerry,

As you know the KWA is far along in the process of issuing the first series of bonds (approximately \$220,000,000) for the construction of the pipeline. It has received Treasury Approval, engaged an underwriter, and begun the rating process. Paul Stauder, as financial advisor to KWA, and TJ Whitehouse, as KWA's investment banker at JPMorgan, are working hard on the rating agencies now in hopes of having a rating by the end of the week.

The next step is to post investor disclosure after receipt of ratings. Once that investor disclosure, or preliminary official statement, is posted, KWA can close on its bond issue within two weeks according to its banker and financial advisor.

However, we cannot take that step until the DEQ Administrative Consent Order ("ACO") is effective. The DEQ order is necessary for two reasons: 1) There is extensive disclosure on the water treatment plant, ACO and Flint's ability to use that plant in the POS and 2) More importantly, if the KWA project is done to comply with an ACO, the debt associated with the project would not "count" towards the City's debt limit. As you know, the City of Flint has lived through a dramatic decline in property values and state revenue sharing. These declines have dramatically reduced its debt

capacity under the Home Rule City Act. In order to ensure that the entire project can be financed (1st and 2nd series of bonds) and that the City will have some debt capacity in the future, the ACO is a condition precedent to proceeding with transaction. Put another way, we will cannot continue with the transaction without the ACO. If there is much more of a delay, the KWA will have expended its initial resources and be forced to stop construction and the project will be delayed for at least one construction cycle. Assuming the ratings come in as planned, the City needs the ACO in place by the end of this week.

By way of background, it is my understanding that there is not disagreement at DEQ about what is being ordered in the ACO. In fact, what is being ordered is exactly why Flint is moving forward with KWA. The ACO simply states that after Detroit cancelled the contract and Flint decided to use its water treatment plant, the City has two options under current DEQ standards. It can either undertake the KWA improvement project or it will need to undertake other public improvement projects to use the Flint River as a water source. Flint, in consultation with its engineers, has decided that improvements needed to use the river are more costly than the KWA project.

Hope this helps,

-Dave

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Byrne, Randall (Treasury)

From: Jason Lorenz <jlorenz@cityofflint.com>
Sent: Tuesday, April 15, 2014 4:29 PM
Subject: PRESS RELEASE: City of Flint Water Presentations
Attachments: Water.Presentations.4.17.2014.pdf

For Immediate Release

City of Flint to Hold Special Public Presentations on Water Ahead of Planned Switch to Flint River as City's Water Source

Flint, Michigan – April 15, 2014 – The City of Flint will be holding two separate public presentations on the topic of water on Thursday, April 17, 2014. There will be a forum for Flint restaurateurs held at 3:00pm inside Café Rhema at 432 S. Saginaw Street in which local managers and owners can address any concerns on the river's use. An informational presentation for the general public will then be held at 5:30pm inside the City Council Chambers of Flint City Hall. That event will include a panel of City of Flint officials as well as John O'Brien from the Genesee County Drain Commissioner's office and a representative from the Rafellis Financial Consulting firm.

Use of the river, upgrades and maintenance required for the water and sewer infrastructure and the overall cost of the system will be addressed in the presentation. Last week, the Rafellis firm presented the findings of a water and sewer rate study undertaken at the request of Emergency Manager Darnell Earley to the Flint City Council Public Works Committee.

"The results of the study, along with items related to the use of the river for the period during which the KWA pipeline is built, will be included in this comprehensive view of the present and future of the City's water service system and what will be required to maintain its operation long term," said Emergency Manager Darnell Earley. "We have a strategic vision of how to preserve and improve upon that service and plan on sharing it with the people of Flint." Both events come as the City prepares to begin using the Flint River as its primary source, which is scheduled to occur sometime after this Thursday.

–END–

–Jason Lorenz
 Public Information Officer
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jlorenz@cityofflint.com

Byrne, Randall (Treasury)

From: Jason Lorenz <jlorenz@cityofflint.com>
Sent: Wednesday, April 16, 2014 5:32 PM
Subject: MEDIA ADVISORY: DPW Press Briefing

FOR MEDIA PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY.

MEDIA ADVISORY: Flint Dept. of Public Works Press Briefing Regarding Water

WHEN: Thursday, April 17, 2014 at 9:00am

WHERE: Mayor's Office Conference Room, Flint City Hall

-Jason Lorenz
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jlorenz@cityofflint.com

Gyrne, Randall (Treasury)

From: Jason Lorenz <jlorenz@cityofflint.com>
Sent: Thursday, April 17, 2014 12:23 PM
Subject: MEDIA ADVISORY: Water Plant Photo Op

MEDIA ADVISORY: Water Treatment Plant Drawing from Flint River Photo Opportunity

WHEN: Thursday, April 17, 2014 at 2:00pm

WHERE: Flint Water Treatment Plant, 4500 N. Dort Hwy., at Stewart Ave.

DETAILS: Join us for an historic event as Flint's Water Treatment Plant begins drawing Flint River water for treatment and softening. This is the next major step towards using the Flint River as a primary water source for the first time in almost 50 years and a major step in securing Flint's water independence.

-Jason Lorenz
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Byrne, Randall (Treasury)

From: Cline, Richard (Treasury)
Sent: Thursday, April 17, 2014 3:52 PM
To: Byrne, Randall (Treasury); Dube, Mathieu (Treasury); Vandegrift, Drew (TREASURY);
Widigan, Robert (TREASURY)
Subject: City says Flint River water will be pumped to homes, businesses Monday, April 21 |
MLive.com

http://www.mlive.com/news/flint/index.ssf/2014/04/treatment_plant_starts_test_ru.html

FYI:

Eric Cline | Unit Operations Specialist - Office of Fiscal Responsibility State of Michigan | Michigan Department of
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**CITY OF FLINT
OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGER
DARNELL EARLEY
ICMA-CM, MPA**

**Jason Lorenz
Public Information Officer
(810) 237-2039
jlorenz@cityofflint.com**

For Immediate Release

**Emergency Manager Darnell Earley and City of Flint Department of
Public Works Director Statements on Finalization of Water Treatment
Plant Ahead of Flint River Use**

Flint, Michigan – April 21, 2014 – The City of Flint's Emergency Manager Darnell Earley and Department of Public Works Director have released the following statements in regard to the final work to be completed at the Water Treatment Plant ahead of Flint River use.

"We are preparing to install the final two pumps required to maintain the necessary water pressure for chlorination; that work will be completed by mid-week. Once the necessary pumps are operational, water quality tests will continue to be performed to ensure the water passes both DEQ safety standards as well as our own stringent water quality standards." –Howard Croft, DPW Director

"After this final step has been completed, Flint will then be able to shut the intake from Detroit and begin using the river. We are still on track to be using the river this week as early as Thursday and remain enthusiastic about this historic event."

–Darnell Earley, City of Flint Emergency Manager

–END–

Byrne, Randall (Treasury)

From: Koryzno, Edward (Treasury)
Sent: Thursday, April 24, 2014 4:37 PM
To: Cline, Richard (Treasury); Dube, Mathieu (Treasury); Vandegrift, Drew (TREASURY);
 Widigan, Robert (TREASURY)
Cc: Demplowski, Angela (Treasury)
Subject: FW: MEDIA ADVISORY: Flint River Water Transition Event

FYI



Edward B. Koryzno, Jr. | Director - Bureau of Local Government Services
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 Thank you

From: Jason Lorenz [mailto:jlorenz@cityofflint.com]
Sent: Thursday, April 24, 2014 4:33 PM
Subject: MEDIA ADVISORY: Flint River Water Transition Event

MEDIA ADVISORY:
City of Flint Transition to Flint River Water Ceremony

WHERE: Flint Water Treatment Plant, 4500 N. Dort Hwy. by Stewart Ave.

WHEN: Friday, April 25, 2014 at 2:00pm

Description: The City of Flint is holding a ceremony tomorrow to officially begin the transition to use of the Flint River by shutting the valve to the intake pipe from Detroit.

The DEQ has given Flint final authorization to begin water distribution from the Flint Water Treatment Plant. City, Genesee County, and Michigan Department of Environmental Quality officials will be on hand to witness this historic event and answer media questions.

-Jason Lorenz
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Darrell Earley
ICMA-CM, MPA
Emergency Manager

Dayne Walling
Mayor

Jason Lorenz
Public Information Officer
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For Immediate Release

City of Flint Officially Begins Using Flint River as Temporary Primary Water Source

Flint, Michigan – April 25, 2014 – For the first time in fifty years, the City of Flint is using the Flint River—part of the Saginaw River watershed—as a primary water source for city residents. Today the valve to the pipeline from Detroit was closed and the Flint River officially became Flint's water supply. The temporary switchover is scheduled to support the city's primary water needs for the next two years while construction of the forthcoming pipeline from Lake Huron is completed by Karegnondi Water Authority. Officials from the City of Flint, the Genesee County Drain Commission and the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality were all on hand to witness the historic event.

The Flint River was once the primary source of water for city residents up to the 1960s. Over the past 40 years, it has provided water to city residents as a back-up to water provided to us by Detroit. During our partnership with Detroit, Flint has had to transition to the use of the Flint River for residential water on a few different occasions, with the most recent temporary switchover happening in 2009. Each temporary stint on local water proved three things to city employees and residents alike: That a transition to local river water could be done seamlessly, and that it was both sensible and safe for us to use our own water as a primary water source in Flint.

—CONTINUE—

City Hall
1101 S. Saginaw Street - Flint, Michigan 48502
810-766-7346 FAX: 810-766-7318 www.cityofflint.com



Darnell Earley
ICMA-CM, MPA
Emergency Manager

Dayna Walling
Mayor

Even with a proven track record of providing perfectly good water for Flint, there still remains lingering uncertainty about the quality of the water. In an effort to dispel myths and promote the truth about the Flint River and its viability as a residential water resource, there have been numerous studies and tests conducted on its water by several different independent organizations. In addition to what has been found in independent studies, it is also the responsibility of the City of Flint Water Service Center to continually test the water provided to city residents. Michael Prysby of the Michigan DEQ Office of Drinking Water verified that "the quality of the water being put out meets all of our drinking water standards and Flint water is safe to drink."

For nearly 10 years Mike Glasgow has worked in the laboratory at the City of Flint Water Service Center. He has run countless tests on our drinking water to ensure its safety for public use. Mike has not only conducted tests on water provided to us by Detroit, but also on local water from nearby rivers, lakes and streams including the Flint River. When asked if over the last decade if he has seen any abnormalities of major concern in the water, his response was an emphatic, "No." In his words, "there has been nothing seen that was of major concern," during his ongoing tenure working in the lab. "The tests results have shown that our water is not only safe, but of the high quality that Flint customers have come to expect," announced DPW Director Howard Croft, "we are proud of the end result."

Apart from the water plant's devotion to ensuring that our water is good, Flint is doubly blessed in having the Flint River Watershed Coalition as a separate organization.

—CONTINUE—



Darnell Earley
ICMA-CM, MPA
Emergency Manager

Dayne Walling
Mayor

dedicated to monitoring the overall welfare of local bodies of water, overseeing more than 30 different nearby locations. Rebecca Fedewa has been director of the watershed coalition since 2008. By virtue of her passion for her work and her position on the board, she is very conversant with the condition of the Flint River. In her words, "The Flint River is increasingly healthy, and completely suitable as a drinking water source." Fedewa and FRWC are working closely with the city "to monitor flows and habitats between the intake and the waste water treatment plant to ensure there are minimal to no impacts to the overall health of the river."

FRWC also invites city residents to be a part of their monitoring exercises during this spring in order "to gain firsthand knowledge in the health and vitality of our Flint River." Mayor Dayne Walling invited everyone at today's event to toast to Flint's water. "It's regular, good, pure drinking water, and it's right in our backyard," said Mayor Walling, "this is the first step in the right direction for Flint, as we take this monumental step forward in controlling the future of our community's most precious resource."

—END—



CITY OF FLINT

Water and Wastewater Rate Study

Final Report | June 19, 2014

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 BACKGROUND OF THE STUDY

On November of 2013, the City of Flint ("City") engaged Raftelis Financial Consultants ("RFC") to perform water and wastewater utility rate studies. The scope of services included the following:

- Evaluate the adequacy of existing water and wastewater revenues to meet each utility's projected revenue requirements
- Develop comprehensive water and wastewater financial plans based on sound financial management practices for a 10 year forecast period
- Determine water and wastewater rates which adequately recover the cost of operating the water and wastewater utilities under the existing rate structures and provide alternatives based on a comprehensive cost of service study
- Analyze the impact of transitioning from the use of purchased potable water from the Detroit Water and Sewerage District ("DWSD") to the treatment of raw water from the Karegnondi Water Authority ("KWA").
- Review the City's water and wastewater operations in comparison to Best Management Practices criteria.

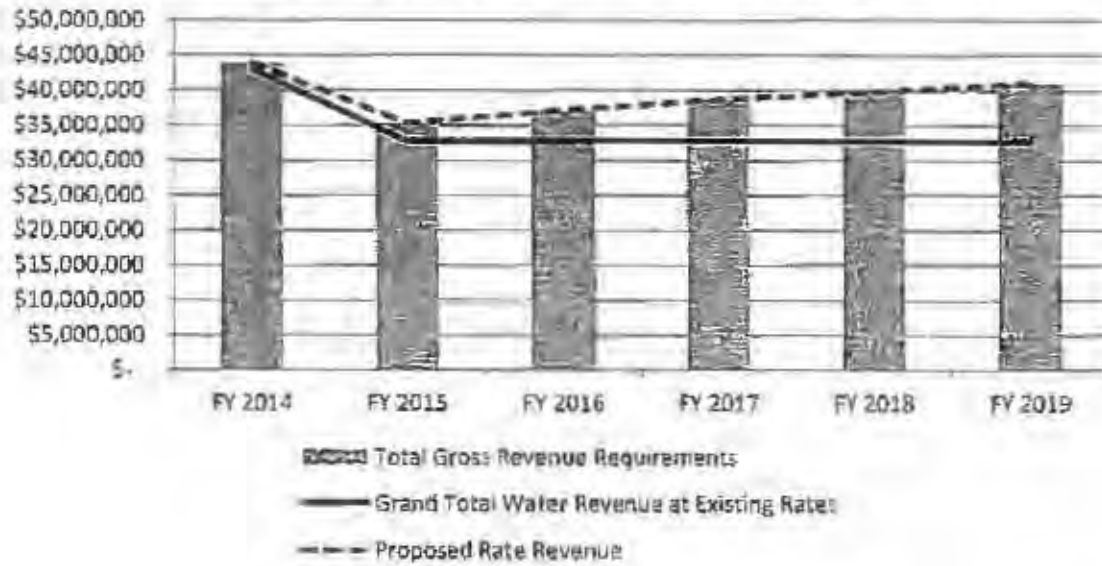
1.2 ADEQUACY OF EXISTING WATER AND WASTEWATER REVENUES

Charts ES-1 and 2 below summarize our conclusions with respect to the adequacy of water and wastewater revenue at existing rates. As the charts indicate, beginning in FY 2015, water and wastewater utility revenues are insufficient to recover each utility's revenue requirement. Key drivers of this disparity are:

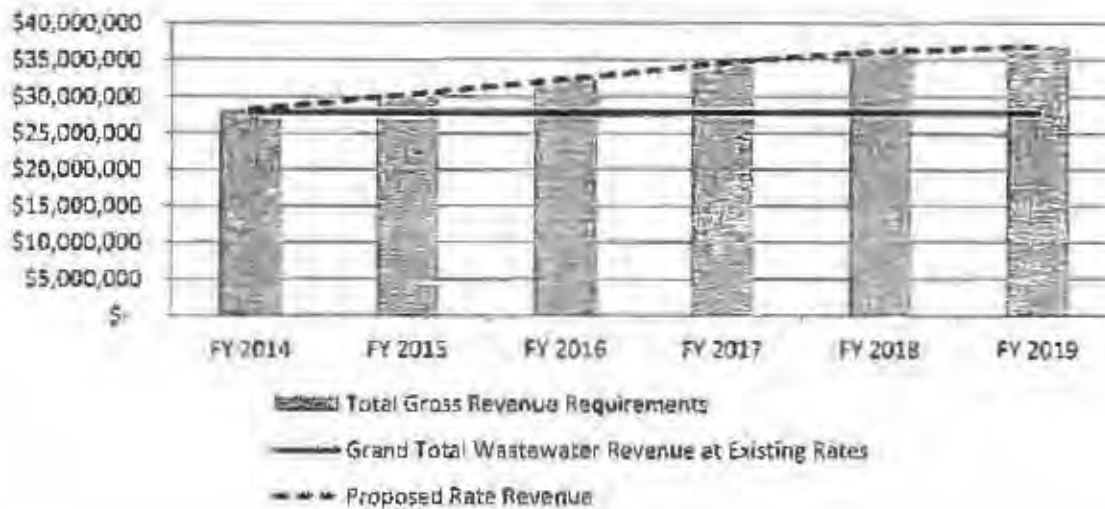
- A marked decrease in billed usage, the cause of which is currently being evaluated by RFC under a separate contract.
- A normal pattern of declining per customer usage for both utilities overall due to conservation, efficient appliances, etc.
- Increases in utility revenue requirements associated with the financial plans including operating cost inflation, capital improvements and policies which support the sound financial management of each utility in accordance with best management practices.

Consequently, the proposed increases in rate revenue are necessary to ensure each utility can adequately fund its operation and maintenance expenditures, make payments on existing debt service, provide funding for needed capital improvements and ensure adequate operating reserves.

ES-1: Water Utility Revenues at Existing Rates



ES-2: Wastewater Utility Revenues at Existing Rates



1.1 WATER AND WASTEWATER FINANCIAL PLANS

Tables ES-3 and ES-4 below summarize the proposed water and wastewater financial plans and rate revenue increases for the first 5 years of the forecast period.

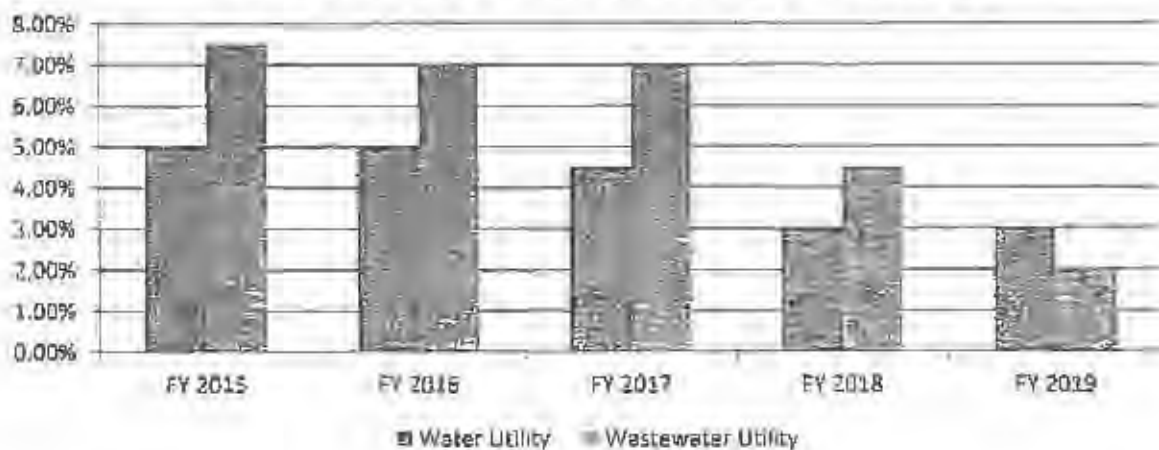
The financial plans and proposed increased in rate revenues are driven by the following factors:

- Inflationary increases in O&M expenditures for both utilities
- For the water utility:
 - Decreases in revenues associated with the cessation of service to Genesee County
 - Decreases in O&M expenditures associated with an elimination of DWSD water purchases
 - Increases in O&M expenditures associated with transitioning from back-up to primary operation of the Flint WTP
 - Increases in capital expenditures associated with improvements to the Flint WTP in preparation for the treatment of raw water from KWA
 - Increases in debt service associated with Flint's share of projected KWA debt service
- Necessary cash funded recapitalization of wastewater utility assets
- A build-up, for each utility, of operating reserves equivalent to 90 days of projected O&M expenditures and debt service payments, the minimum, according to financial management practices ("BMP").

ES-3: SUMMARY OF WATER AND WASTEWATER FINANCIAL PLANS

Water Utility	Budget Year FY 2015	Year Four FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022
REVENUES						
Gross Total Water Revenue at Existing Rates	\$ 12,971,575	\$ 12,782,575	\$ 12,940,575	\$ 12,782,575	\$ 12,782,575	\$ 12,940,575
Additional Revenue from Rate Increases	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100
Total Non-Rate Revenues	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100	\$ 1,818,100
Age Transfer in from General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Rate and Non-Rate Revenues	\$ 14,789,675	\$ 14,600,675	\$ 14,758,675	\$ 14,600,675	\$ 14,600,675	\$ 14,758,675
GROSS REVENUE REQUIREMENTS						
O&M	\$ 10,055,200	\$ 10,055,200	\$ 10,055,200	\$ 10,055,200	\$ 10,055,200	\$ 10,055,200
Capital	\$ 8,747,940	\$ 8,747,940	\$ 8,747,940	\$ 8,747,940	\$ 8,747,940	\$ 8,747,940
Transfer to Operating Reserves	\$ 1,735,070	\$ 1,735,070	\$ 1,735,070	\$ 1,735,070	\$ 1,735,070	\$ 1,735,070
Total Gross Revenue Requirements	\$ 20,538,210	\$ 20,538,210	\$ 20,538,210	\$ 20,538,210	\$ 20,538,210	\$ 20,538,210
DEFICIT (EXCESS) REVENUES - REVENUE REQ.	\$ (5,748,535)	\$ (5,937,535)	\$ (5,789,535)	\$ (5,937,535)	\$ (5,937,535)	\$ (5,789,535)
Wastewater Utility						
	Budget Year FY 2015	Year Four FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022
REVENUES						
Gross Total Wastewater Revenue at Existing Rates	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374
Additional Revenue from Rate Increases	\$ -	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000
Total Non-Rate Revenues	\$ -	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000	\$ 3,083,000
Age Transfer in from General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Rate and Non-Rate Revenues	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 30,860,374	\$ 30,860,374	\$ 30,860,374	\$ 30,860,374	\$ 30,860,374
GROSS REVENUE REQUIREMENTS						
O&M	\$ 24,825,000	\$ 24,825,000	\$ 24,825,000	\$ 24,825,000	\$ 24,825,000	\$ 24,825,000
Capital	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 5,500,000
Transfer to Operating Reserves	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 1,150,000	\$ 1,150,000
Total Gross Revenue Requirements	\$ 31,475,000	\$ 31,475,000	\$ 31,475,000	\$ 31,475,000	\$ 31,475,000	\$ 31,475,000
DEFICIT (EXCESS) REVENUES - REVENUE REQ.	\$ (3,697,626)	\$ (10,614,626)	\$ (10,614,626)	\$ (10,614,626)	\$ (10,614,626)	\$ (10,614,626)

ES-4: Annual % Rate Revenue Increases



As indicated in the previous section, water and wastewater utility revenues at existing rates are not adequate to recover the projected costs each utility will incur over the forecast period. Consequently additional rate revenue will be needed to ensure adequate recovery of each utility's revenue requirements.

1.4 COST OF SERVICE STUDY AND WATER AND WASTEWATER RATES

Table ES-5 below summarizes the results of the water and wastewater cost of service studies. The customer classes included are those which are recognized in the City's existing customer information system ("CIS"). While the City does not currently have either a water or wastewater rate structure which recognizes these customer classes, rates by customer class have been calculated and are included as appendices A and B to this report. The totals for each customer class represent the contribution of that class to the overall costs of each utility. This is based on the allocation processes described in sections 4 and 5 of this report.

Given the transition from KWA to DWSD the City will not be making any rate structure changes at this time. It is our opinion that the current water and wastewater rate structures are reasonable. The declining block water rates generally recognizing the fact that higher volume customers (i.e. large commercial and industrial) contribute less to peak demand and overall water utility costs. Additionally, the relatively high proportion of fixed charge revenue recovery provides a less climatically variable revenue stream, which given that the majority of the utility's costs are fixed, is entirely appropriate.

ES-5: SUMMARY OF COST OF SERVICE STUDY RESULTS

CUSTOMER CLASS	WATER	WASTEWATER
Allocated Cost of Service		
Total Inside City Residential COS	\$ 18,345,672	\$ 16,412,799
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 15,263,704	\$ 13,378,697
Total Inside City Lawn COS	\$ 370,646	N/A
Total Inside City COS	\$ 33,980,022	\$ 29,791,496
Total Outside City Residential COS	\$ 99,483	\$ 2,382
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 321,169	\$ 66,796
Total Outside City Lawn COS	\$ -	N/A
Total Outside City COS	\$ 420,653	\$ 69,178
Total System Cost of Service	\$ 34,400,675	\$ 29,860,674

Tables ES-6 and ES-7 summarize the projected fixed and volumetric rates for the first 5 years of the forecast period, given financial plans and rate revenue increases proposed above. For every dollar of rate revenue generated by each utility approximately \$.66 is derived from volumetric charges and \$.34 is derived from fixed charges.

It is typical for water and wastewater utilities to design fixed charges which recover, at a minimum, the costs of meter reading, billing and collection and customer service. Additionally, fixed charges may also relate to fixed investment in utility assets associated with providing service which is available at all times regardless of usage levels by City customers. These costs, known as readiness to serve costs, have also been incorporated into the water and wastewater fixed charges.

Volumetric rates recover the variable costs associated with operating the water and wastewater utilities. For the water utility variable costs are associated with water treatment, transmission and distribution, pumping, and storage and are driven primarily by the design requirements associated with peak water usage. For the wastewater utility variable costs are associated with wastewater treatment, collection, and pumping, and are driven by the wastewater volume and strength.

ES-6: SUMMARY OF WATER AND WASTEWATER VOLUMETRIC RATES

Water Volumetric Rates										
CUSTOMER CLASS	CONSUMPTION BLOCK	UNITS	FY 2014	Test-Year	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	
			Existing Block Rates	FY 2015 Proposed Block Rates	FY 2016 Proposed Block Rates	FY 2017 Proposed Block Rates	FY 2018 Proposed Block Rates	FY 2019 Proposed Block Rates		
Annual % Increase in Rate Revenues				0.00%	5.00%	5.00%	4.50%	3.00%	3.00%	
Total Inside City All Classes										
Inside City Block 1	0-35 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	7.52	\$	7.92	\$	8.32	\$	8.69
Inside City Block 2	36-2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	7.31	\$	7.62	\$	8.00	\$	8.36
Inside City Block 3	above 2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	5.79	\$	6.08	\$	6.40	\$	6.62
Total Outside City All Classes										
Outside City Block 1	0-35 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	11.20	\$	11.66	\$	12.18	\$	12.74
Outside City Block 2	36-2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	10.77	\$	11.12	\$	11.60	\$	12.14
Outside City Block 3	above 2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	8.69	\$	9.14	\$	9.60	\$	10.05

Wastewater Volumetric Rates															
			FY 2014 Existing Rates		Test-Year FY 2015 Proposed Rates		Forecast FY 2016 Proposed Rates		Forecast FY 2017 Proposed Rates		Forecast FY 2018 Proposed Rates		Forecast FY 2019 Proposed Rates		
CUSTOMER CLASS															
Annual % Increase in Rate Revenues					-0.00%		7.50%		7.00%		7.00%		4.50%		2.00%
Total Inside City All Classes		(WCCF)	\$	4.80	\$	5.17	\$	5.53	\$	5.92	\$	6.18	\$	6.31	
Total Outside City All Classes		(\$/CCF)	\$	5.29	\$	5.68	\$	6.03	\$	6.51	\$	6.80	\$	6.94	

ES-7: SUMMARY OF WATER AND WASTEWATER FIXED CHARGES

CUSTOMER CLASS	WATER FIXED CHARGES										WASTEWATER FIXED CHARGES									
	FY 2016 Existing Charge	FY 2016 Proposed Charge	FY 2016 Proposed Change	FY 2017 Proposed Charge	FY 2017 Proposed Change	FY 2018 Proposed Charge	FY 2018 Proposed Change	FY 2019 Proposed Charge	FY 2019 Proposed Change	FY 2020 Proposed Charge	FY 2016 Existing Charge	FY 2016 Proposed Charge	FY 2016 Proposed Change	FY 2017 Proposed Charge	FY 2017 Proposed Change	FY 2018 Proposed Charge	FY 2018 Proposed Change	FY 2019 Proposed Charge	FY 2019 Proposed Change	FY 2020 Proposed Charge
Inside City Residential																				
S/M	\$ 31.78	\$ 32.99	\$ 12.11	\$ 34.13	\$ 25.00	\$ 35.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 36.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 37.00	\$ 32.00	\$ 33.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 34.00	\$ 35.00	\$ 36.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 37.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 38.00
3/4"	\$ 11.00	\$ 11.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 11.00	\$ 11.00	\$ 11.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 11.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 11.00	\$ 10.92	\$ 10.92	\$ -0.08	\$ 10.84	\$ 10.84	\$ 10.84	\$ 0.00	\$ 10.84	\$ 0.00	\$ 10.84
1"	\$ 15.28	\$ 15.16	\$ -0.12	\$ 15.04	\$ 15.04	\$ 15.04	\$ 0.00	\$ 15.04	\$ 0.00	\$ 15.04	\$ 15.34	\$ 15.34	\$ 0.30	\$ 15.64	\$ 15.64	\$ 15.64	\$ 0.00	\$ 15.64	\$ 0.00	\$ 15.64
1 1/2"	\$ 25.28	\$ 25.16	\$ -0.12	\$ 25.04	\$ 25.04	\$ 25.04	\$ 0.00	\$ 25.04	\$ 0.00	\$ 25.04	\$ 25.34	\$ 25.34	\$ 0.30	\$ 25.64	\$ 25.64	\$ 25.64	\$ 0.00	\$ 25.64	\$ 0.00	\$ 25.64
2"	\$ 35.28	\$ 35.16	\$ -0.12	\$ 35.04	\$ 35.04	\$ 35.04	\$ 0.00	\$ 35.04	\$ 0.00	\$ 35.04	\$ 35.34	\$ 35.34	\$ 0.30	\$ 35.64	\$ 35.64	\$ 35.64	\$ 0.00	\$ 35.64	\$ 0.00	\$ 35.64
Outside City Commercial																				
S/M	\$ 55.20	\$ 56.79	\$ 11.59	\$ 58.38	\$ 43.21	\$ 59.97	\$ 11.59	\$ 61.56	\$ 11.59	\$ 63.15	\$ 54.92	\$ 56.51	\$ 11.59	\$ 58.10	\$ 59.69	\$ 61.28	\$ 11.59	\$ 62.87	\$ 11.59	\$ 64.46
3/4"	\$ 17.20	\$ 17.40	\$ 0.20	\$ 17.60	\$ 13.20	\$ 17.80	\$ 0.20	\$ 18.00	\$ 0.20	\$ 18.20	\$ 16.42	\$ 16.62	\$ 0.20	\$ 16.82	\$ 17.02	\$ 17.22	\$ 0.20	\$ 17.42	\$ 0.20	\$ 17.62
1"	\$ 19.10	\$ 19.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 19.70	\$ 15.30	\$ 19.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 20.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 20.50	\$ 18.72	\$ 19.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 19.32	\$ 19.62	\$ 19.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 20.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 20.52
1 1/2"	\$ 29.10	\$ 29.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 29.70	\$ 23.30	\$ 29.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 30.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 30.50	\$ 28.72	\$ 29.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 29.32	\$ 29.62	\$ 29.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 30.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 30.52
2"	\$ 39.10	\$ 39.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 39.70	\$ 31.30	\$ 39.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 40.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 40.50	\$ 38.72	\$ 39.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 39.32	\$ 39.62	\$ 39.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 40.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 40.52
3"	\$ 49.10	\$ 49.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 49.70	\$ 39.30	\$ 49.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 50.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 50.50	\$ 48.72	\$ 49.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 49.32	\$ 49.62	\$ 49.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 50.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 50.52
4"	\$ 59.10	\$ 59.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 59.70	\$ 47.30	\$ 59.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 60.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 60.50	\$ 58.72	\$ 59.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 59.32	\$ 59.62	\$ 59.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 60.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 60.52
6"	\$ 69.10	\$ 69.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 69.70	\$ 55.30	\$ 69.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 70.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 70.50	\$ 68.72	\$ 69.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 69.32	\$ 69.62	\$ 69.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 70.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 70.52
8"	\$ 79.10	\$ 79.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 79.70	\$ 63.30	\$ 79.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 80.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 80.50	\$ 78.72	\$ 79.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 79.32	\$ 79.62	\$ 79.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 80.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 80.52
10"	\$ 89.10	\$ 89.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 89.70	\$ 71.30	\$ 89.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 90.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 90.50	\$ 88.72	\$ 89.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 89.32	\$ 89.62	\$ 89.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 90.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 90.52
12"	\$ 99.10	\$ 99.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 99.70	\$ 79.30	\$ 99.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 100.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 100.50	\$ 98.72	\$ 99.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 99.32	\$ 99.62	\$ 99.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 100.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 100.52
15"	\$ 109.10	\$ 109.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 109.70	\$ 87.30	\$ 109.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 110.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 110.50	\$ 108.72	\$ 109.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 109.32	\$ 109.62	\$ 109.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 110.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 110.52
20"	\$ 119.10	\$ 119.40	\$ 0.30	\$ 119.70	\$ 95.30	\$ 119.90	\$ 0.30	\$ 120.20	\$ 0.30	\$ 120.50	\$ 118.72	\$ 119.02	\$ 0.30	\$ 119.32	\$ 119.62	\$ 119.92	\$ 0.30	\$ 120.22	\$ 0.30	\$ 120.52
Outside City Residential																				
S/M	\$ 27.44	\$ 28.17	\$ 7.33	\$ 29.90	\$ 22.57	\$ 30.70	\$ 7.33	\$ 32.43	\$ 7.33	\$ 34.16	\$ 27.00	\$ 27.73	\$ 0.73	\$ 28.46	\$ 29.19	\$ 29.92	\$ 0.73	\$ 30.65	\$ 0.73	\$ 31.38
3/4"	\$ 9.74	\$ 9.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 10.14	\$ 7.74	\$ 10.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 10.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 10.74	\$ 9.60	\$ 9.80	\$ 0.20	\$ 10.00	\$ 10.20	\$ 10.40	\$ 0.20	\$ 10.60	\$ 0.20	\$ 10.80
1"	\$ 11.74	\$ 11.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 12.14	\$ 9.74	\$ 12.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 12.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 12.74	\$ 11.52	\$ 11.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 11.92	\$ 12.12	\$ 12.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 12.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 12.72
1 1/2"	\$ 13.74	\$ 13.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 14.14	\$ 11.74	\$ 14.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 14.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 14.74	\$ 13.52	\$ 13.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 13.92	\$ 14.12	\$ 14.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 14.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 14.72
2"	\$ 15.74	\$ 15.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 16.14	\$ 13.74	\$ 16.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 16.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 16.74	\$ 15.52	\$ 15.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 15.92	\$ 16.12	\$ 16.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 16.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 16.72
3"	\$ 17.74	\$ 17.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 18.14	\$ 15.74	\$ 18.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 18.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 18.74	\$ 17.52	\$ 17.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 17.92	\$ 18.12	\$ 18.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 18.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 18.72
4"	\$ 19.74	\$ 19.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 20.14	\$ 17.74	\$ 20.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 20.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 20.74	\$ 19.52	\$ 19.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 19.92	\$ 20.12	\$ 20.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 20.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 20.72
6"	\$ 21.74	\$ 21.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 22.14	\$ 19.74	\$ 22.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 22.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 22.74	\$ 21.52	\$ 21.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 21.92	\$ 22.12	\$ 22.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 22.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 22.72
8"	\$ 23.74	\$ 23.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 24.14	\$ 21.74	\$ 24.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 24.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 24.74	\$ 23.52	\$ 23.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 23.92	\$ 24.12	\$ 24.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 24.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 24.72
10"	\$ 25.74	\$ 25.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 26.14	\$ 23.74	\$ 26.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 26.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 26.74	\$ 25.52	\$ 25.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 25.92	\$ 26.12	\$ 26.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 26.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 26.72
12"	\$ 27.74	\$ 27.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 28.14	\$ 25.74	\$ 28.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 28.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 28.74	\$ 27.52	\$ 27.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 27.92	\$ 28.12	\$ 28.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 28.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 28.72
15"	\$ 29.74	\$ 29.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 30.14	\$ 27.74	\$ 30.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 30.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 30.74	\$ 29.52	\$ 29.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 29.92	\$ 30.12	\$ 30.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 30.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 30.72
20"	\$ 31.74	\$ 31.94	\$ 0.20	\$ 32.14	\$ 29.74	\$ 32.34	\$ 0.20	\$ 32.54	\$ 0.20	\$ 32.74	\$ 31.52	\$ 31.72	\$ 0.20	\$ 31.92	\$ 32.12	\$ 32.32	\$ 0.20	\$ 32.52	\$ 0.20	\$ 32.72

1.5 TRANSITION FROM DWSD TO KWA

A key aspect of this study involved analyzing the impact of the anticipated April 1, 2014 transition from the Detroit Water and Sewerage District ("DWSD") to the Karegnondi Water Authority ("KWA"). The expectation is that the transition will strengthen the water utility's financial position going forward, by affording the City greater control over its operating and capital costs. As part of this engagement the City asked RFC to estimate the potential savings to a typical Flint customer as a result of transitioning from DWSD to the KWA.

A summary of the potential savings, based on an alternative water financial planning scenario is summarized in Table ES-8 below. For example, a City customer using 5 CCF per month would see a combined monthly bill of approximately \$122.83 under the KWA. This is based on a 5% water rate increase over existing rates. That same customer, should the City continue receiving service from DWSD, is estimated to have a bill of approximately \$127.70. This represents estimated 13% water rate increase over existing rates. Consequently, the savings to the typical City is approximately \$4.87 per month, or \$58.44 per year. Finally, note that the cumulative water rate increase over the next 5 years is estimated to be 18% under the KWA and 41% under DWSD.

ES-8: POTENTIAL RESIDENTIAL BILL SAVINGS (KWA VS. DWSD)

Cumulative Increase KWA (Water Rates)	0%	5%	10%	15%	19%	22%
Additional With DWSD (Water Rates)	0%	9%	19%	20%	21%	21%
Total Under DWSD	0%	14%	29%	35%	39%	44%

RATE IMPACT 6/8" Customer	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
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Monthly Usage (CCF)

1	\$ 65.10	\$ 70.48	\$ 74.79	\$ 79.22	\$ 82.28	\$ 84.27
2	\$ 78.41	\$ 83.57	\$ 88.84	\$ 93.83	\$ 97.41	\$ 99.80
3	\$ 90.73	\$ 96.66	\$ 102.49	\$ 108.44	\$ 112.55	\$ 115.33
4	\$ 103.05	\$ 109.74	\$ 116.33	\$ 123.05	\$ 127.68	\$ 130.85
5	\$ 115.37	\$ 122.83	\$ 130.18	\$ 137.65	\$ 142.82	\$ 146.38
6	\$ 127.69	\$ 135.92	\$ 144.03	\$ 152.25	\$ 157.95	\$ 161.91
7	\$ 140.00	\$ 149.01	\$ 157.88	\$ 166.87	\$ 173.09	\$ 177.44
8	\$ 152.32	\$ 162.10	\$ 171.72	\$ 181.48	\$ 188.23	\$ 192.97
9	\$ 164.64	\$ 175.18	\$ 185.57	\$ 196.08	\$ 203.35	\$ 208.49
10	\$ 176.96	\$ 188.28	\$ 199.42	\$ 210.70	\$ 218.50	\$ 224.02

ESTIMATED MONTHLY SAVINGS	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
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Monthly Usage (CCF)

1	\$ -	\$ (2.42)	\$ (5.37)	\$ (5.80)	\$ (5.98)	\$ (6.15)
2	\$ -	\$ (3.04)	\$ (6.74)	\$ (7.28)	\$ (7.50)	\$ (7.72)
3	\$ -	\$ (3.65)	\$ (8.11)	\$ (8.76)	\$ (9.02)	\$ (9.25)
4	\$ -	\$ (4.26)	\$ (9.47)	\$ (10.23)	\$ (10.54)	\$ (10.85)
5	\$ -	\$ (4.87)	\$ (10.84)	\$ (11.71)	\$ (12.08)	\$ (12.42)
6	\$ -	\$ (5.48)	\$ (12.21)	\$ (13.18)	\$ (13.58)	\$ (13.99)
7	\$ -	\$ (6.09)	\$ (13.58)	\$ (14.67)	\$ (15.11)	\$ (15.56)
8	\$ -	\$ (6.71)	\$ (14.94)	\$ (16.14)	\$ (16.63)	\$ (17.13)
9	\$ -	\$ (7.32)	\$ (16.31)	\$ (17.62)	\$ (18.15)	\$ (18.68)
10	\$ -	\$ (7.93)	\$ (17.68)	\$ (19.10)	\$ (19.67)	\$ (20.26)

1.6 WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY OPERATIONS AND BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

We reviewed the City's water and wastewater utility performance in relation to Best Management Practices ("BMP") that have been published by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"). These criteria are used by Fitch when reviewing the performance of a utility as part of the bond rating process. Table ES-9 below summarizes our assessment of the City's water and wastewater utility operations with respect to BMP. The City's operations generally comport with BMP. The City is working to improve consistency in four areas: first, as mentioned above, the financial plans build-up to the minimum recommended 90 operating reserve and should achieve this reserve, all else equal, in the next 5 years. Second, the City is working with RFC, under a separate contract, to identify sources of lost water and wastewater revenue to improve the City's revenue collections, and reduce the cost of utility service theft to paying customers. Third, the City is currently determining arrangements whereby the general fund can repay its obligations to the water and wastewater utilities, ensuring the water and wastewater funds are not subsidizing general government operations going forward. Finally, the transition to KWA will allow the City greater control over its operating and capital costs, and as mentioned above, should result in more affordable rates than the alternative.

ES-9: FITCH BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Criteria	Consistent	Improving	Inconsistent
Financial Profile			
<i>Financial Forecasting</i>	X		
<i>Debt Service Coverage and Operating Reserves</i>		X	
<i>Financial Reporting and Monitoring</i>	X		
<i>Limited Exposure to Growth Revenues</i>	X		
<i>Timely Collection of Payment and Penalty Enforcement</i>		X	
<i>Political Willingness to Adjust Rates</i>	X		
<i>Limited Exposure to General Govt. Finances</i>		X	
<i>GAAP Compliance</i>	X		
<i>Affordability</i>			X
Debt Profile			
<i>Prioritized Capital Improvement Plans</i>	X		
<i>Debt Policy</i>	X		
<i>Hedge Agreements</i>			
Operating Profile			
<i>Management Experience</i>	X		
<i>Use of Professional Engineers</i>	X		
<i>Consultation with Local/Regional Growth Planners</i>	X		

2. INTRODUCTION AND STUDY OBJECTIVES

2.1 INTRODUCTION

In November of 2013, the City of Flint ("City") engaged Raffelis Financial Consultants ("RFC") to perform water and wastewater utility rate studies. The need for engagement was precipitated by the City's transition from the use of purchased water from the Detroit Water and Sewerage District ("DWSD") to participation in the Karegnondi Water Authority ("KWA") on April 1, 2014. Following the transition, the City will treat raw water from the KWA at its existing water treatment plant, which is currently undergoing the improvements necessary to become the primary source of treated water for the City of Flint. The expectation is that the transition will strengthen the water utility's financial position going forward, affording the City greater control over its operating and capital costs as a result.

From a financial perspective, the following are a few notable aspects of the transition:

- Water Operation and Maintenance ("O&M") expenditures are projected to decrease significantly as the cost of purchasing water from DWSD ceases as of FY 2015.
- Water Capital costs are projected to increase as the City begins paying its share of the Karegnondi Water Authority's debt service and incurs the cost of the necessary water treatment plant improvements.
- Water utility revenues will decrease as the City's wholesale customer, Genesee County ("County"), will no longer be receiving water service from the City as a result of the transition.
- Projected water increases under the KWA are projected to be lower than they would have been, had the City continued to purchase water from DWSD.
- City of Flint residential customer water bills are projected to be lower under the KWA than if the City had continued to purchase water from DWSD (see Table 1 below).

TABLE 1: ESTIMATED RATE INCREASES (KWA VS. DWSD)

CUMULATIVE % RATE REVENUE INCREASE	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
KWA	0%	5%	10%	15%	19%	22%
DWSD	0%	14%	29%	35%	39%	44%
ESTIMATED MONTHLY SAVINGS	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Monthly Usage (CCF)						
1	\$ -	\$ (2.42)	\$ (5.37)	\$ (5.80)	\$ (5.98)	\$ (6.15)
2	\$ -	\$ (3.04)	\$ (6.74)	\$ (7.28)	\$ (7.50)	\$ (7.72)
3	\$ -	\$ (3.85)	\$ (8.11)	\$ (8.76)	\$ (9.02)	\$ (9.29)
4	\$ -	\$ (4.26)	\$ (9.47)	\$ (10.23)	\$ (10.54)	\$ (10.86)
5	\$ -	\$ (4.87)	\$ (10.84)	\$ (11.71)	\$ (12.08)	\$ (12.42)
6	\$ -	\$ (5.48)	\$ (12.21)	\$ (13.19)	\$ (13.58)	\$ (13.99)
7	\$ -	\$ (6.09)	\$ (13.58)	\$ (14.67)	\$ (15.11)	\$ (15.56)
8	\$ -	\$ (6.71)	\$ (14.94)	\$ (16.14)	\$ (16.63)	\$ (17.13)
9	\$ -	\$ (7.32)	\$ (16.31)	\$ (17.62)	\$ (18.16)	\$ (18.69)
10	\$ -	\$ (7.93)	\$ (17.68)	\$ (19.10)	\$ (19.67)	\$ (20.26)

2.2 RATE STUDY OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this study are as follows:

- Evaluate the adequacy of existing water and wastewater revenues to meet the projected revenue requirements
- Develop comprehensive water and wastewater financial plans based on sound financial management practices for a 10 year forecast period
- Determine water and wastewater rates which adequately recover the cost of operating the water and wastewater utilities under the existing rate structures and provide alternatives based on a comprehensive cost of service study
- Evaluate the City's current financial position and adjust the comprehensive financial plans for both the mid-year transition to the KWA and going forward.

3. WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITY FINANCIAL PLANS

3.1 THE FINANCIAL PLANNING PROCESS

The general objective of the financial planning process is to arrive at the level of water and wastewater rate revenue required to ensure the financial sustainability of each utility on a going forward basis. This revenue requirement is then distributed to each customer class as part of the cost of service study.

For this study financial plans were developed for the current fiscal year, the test year and a ten-year forecast period. The current year is typically the year in which the study occurs. In this case fiscal

year 2014 ("FY 2014"), or the year ending July 30, 2014. For the current year the financial plans represent an estimate, for each utility, of year-end financial position.

This serves as the basis for the test year financial plan. For this study, the test year is the following fiscal year, FY 2015. While the current year serves as an estimate of each utility's current financial position, the test year represents a projection of utility revenues, expenditures and operating reserve levels. The ten-year forecast period allows the City to evaluate trends over time and evaluate the impact of challenges that occur beyond the test year. For the purposes of this study separate financial plans were developed for each utility to ensure that each would be self-sustaining.

The following steps are necessary to arrive at the test year revenue requirement for each utility:

- Forecast customer units of service and revenue at existing water and wastewater rates
- Forecast operation and maintenance expenditures ("O&M") for each utility
- Forecast capital expenditures, including the payment of existing water and wastewater debt service and the financing of planned capital improvements
- Develop detailed cash flow forecasts summarizing planned O&M and capital expenditures, recommended rate revenue increases and operating reserve levels

3.2 WATER UTILITY FINANCIAL PLAN

3.2.1 *Forecast Water Units of Service and Revenue at Existing Rates*

Water Utility Rates

The City recovers the cost of operating the water utility via volumetric rates (rates based on the amount of water used) and fixed monthly service charges (a charge per customer bill). The City's existing water volumetric charge is a declining block rate, or a rate that decreases on a per unit basis as the amount of water consumed increases. The existing water volumetric rate structure is shown in Table 2 below:

TABLE 2: EXISTING WATER VOLUMETRIC RATES

CUSTOMER CLASS	CONSUMPTION- BLOCK		FY 2014 Existing Block Rates	
		UNITS		
Total Inside City All Classes				
Inside City Block 1	0-35 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	7.52
Inside City Block 2	36-2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	7.31
Inside City Block 3	above 2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	5.79
Total Outside City All Classes				
Outside City Block 1	0-35 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	11.26
Outside City Block 2	36-2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	10.77
Outside City Block 3	above 2000 CCF	(\$/CCF)	\$	8.68

A distinction is made between customers residing within in the City of Flint, and those who receive City water service, but do not reside within the City. As Table 2 indicates, outside city volumetric rates are approximately 150% of inside city volumetric rates. This is a common policy for municipal water utilities and recognizes inside city customers as "owners" of the utility, who should be compensated for the risk of investing in and maintaining their utility system.

In addition to the volumetric rates, the existing water rate structure includes a fixed service charge which varies by customer water meter size. The rates are charged per customer bill and are shown in Table 3 on the following page.

TABLE 3: EXISTING WATER FIXED CHARGES

CUSTOMER CLASS	FY 2014 Proposed Fixed Charge
Inside City Residential Customers	
5/8"	\$ 21.78
3/4"	\$ 41.86
1"	\$ 55.28
1-1/2"	\$ 55.28
2"	\$ 55.28
Inside City Commercial/Industrial Customers	
5/8"	\$ 53.39
3/4"	\$ 61.26
1"	\$ 75.10
1-1/4"	\$ 107.76
2"	\$ 150.62
3"	\$ 297.45
4"	\$ 523.60
6"	\$ 1,029.43
8"	\$ 1,492.88
10"	\$ 2,060.75
12"	\$ 2,493.12
16"	\$ 3,102.04
20"	\$ 3,351.16
Outside City Residential Customers	
5/8"	\$ 32.48
3/4"	\$ 52.71
1"	\$ 82.79
1-1/4"	\$ 82.79
2"	\$ 82.79
Outside City Commercial/Industrial Customers	
5/8"	\$ 80.13
3/4"	\$ 91.72
1"	\$ 112.67
1-1/2"	\$ 161.79
2"	\$ 226.09
3"	\$ 448.47
4"	\$ 785.37
6"	\$ 1,543.87
8"	\$ 2,239.47
10"	\$ 3,107.48
12"	\$ 3,739.51
16"	\$ 4,653.87
20"	\$ 5,463.82

Most Flint residential customers have a 5/8" meter and currently pay the \$21.78 fixed monthly service charge. For the monthly fixed charge the same distinction is made between inside and outside city customers, with the outside city charge set at approximately 150% of the inside city charge. Additionally, the current fixed charge structure further distinguishes between residential commercial customers.

In addition to the retail rates discussed above, the City currently serves a wholesale water customer, Genesee County. Genesee County pays a commodity charge of \$346,863, a fixed monthly service charge of \$114,000 and a volumetric rate of \$1.30 per CCF. As mentioned above, as of April 1, 2014, the County will no longer be a customer of the City.

Forecast Water Units of Service

In order to forecast the level of revenue under existing water rates, the number of water accounts at each meter size and the level of water consumption in each consumption block must be estimated for the forecast period.

The number of accounts at each meter size was determined by dividing the number of annual bills at each meter size by the 12 monthly billing periods. The number of historical and forecast water utility customer accounts, by meter size, is indicated in Tables 4 and 5 on the following two pages. Note that the historical data appear to indicate a 14% increase in inside city accounts and a 27% increase in outside city accounts from FY 2012 to FY 2013. This increase in accounts does not appear to have been sustained into FY 2014. The City has indicated that water and wastewater billings have decreased approximately 12% from FY 2013 to FY 2014 year to date. Given this change and for the sake of developing a conservative estimate we have adjusted the forecast level of water accounts to 13% below their FY 2013 level. As no significant growth in the City's customer base is expected, no growth in water utility accounts has been projected over the forecast period.

TABLE 4: FORECAST INSIDE CITY WATER ACCOUNTS

Customer Class	Historical FY 2012	Historical FY 2013	Budget Year FY 2014	Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Inside City Residents:															
5/0"	25,013	20,400	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777	24,777
3/4"															
1"	232	338	284	294	284	294	294	294	294	294	294	294	294	294	294
1 1/2"	28	33	28	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
2"	8	11	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Unmetered															
Total Inside City Residential Revenue:	25,310	20,802	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110	25,110
Inside City Commercial/Industrial:															
5/0"	302	409	355	355	355	355	355	355	355	355	355	355	355	355	355
3/4"															
1"	245	281	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244	244
1 1/2"	250	239	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242	242
2"	260	288	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249
3"	83	85	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83	83
4"	59	49	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
6"	30	41	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
8"	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
10"															
12"															
15"															
20"															
Unmetered															
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial Revenue:	1,307	1,437	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268	1,268
Inside City Lawn:															
5/0"	35	35	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
3/4"															
1"	11	13	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
1 1/2"	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
2"	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3"															
4"															
5"															
6"															
10"															
12"															
15"															
20"															
Unmetered															
Total Inside City Lawn Revenue:	43	53	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
Total Inside City Accounts	26,661	20,372	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423	26,423
% Change		14%	-13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

TABLE 5: FORECAST OUTSIDE CITY WATER ACCOUNTS

Customer Class	Historical FY 2013	Historical FY 2012	Budget Year FY 2014	Test Year FY 2016	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Outside City Residential														
0		0												
0.5"		0												
5/8"	106	121	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123	123
3/4"		0												
1"	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
1 1/2"		0												
2"		0												
Unmetered		0												
Total Outside City Residential Remote	110	144	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125
Outside City Commercial/Industrial														
0														
0.5"	14	10	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
3/4"														
1"	10	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
1 1/2"	3	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
2"	5	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
3"														
4"	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
6"	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8"														
10"														
20"														
Unmetered														
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	35	40	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
Outside City Lawn														
0	0	0												
0.5"	0	0												
5/8"	0	0												
3/4"	0	0												
1"	0	0												
1 1/2"	0	0												
2"	0	0												
3"	0	0												
4"	0	0												
6"	0	0												
8"	0	0												
10"	0	0												
12"	0	0												
16"	0	0												
20"	0	0												
Unmetered	0	0												
Total Outside City Lawn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Outside City Accounts	145	184	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160	160
% Change		27%	-13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

In addition to forecasting the number of accounts by meter size, the level of water consumption in each consumption block must be estimated for the forecast period. The historical and forecast level of water consumption by customer class and block is indicated in Tables 6 and 7 on the following two pages.

Note that—consistent with the significant increase in inside city water accounts in FY 2013—inside city water consumption has increased significantly in FY 2013 (18%). Given the uncertainty surrounding the increase in billed consumption in FY 2013, and the subsequent decrease in billed revenues in FY 2014, we have forecast retail consumption at 6% below FY 2013 levels for FY 2014, FY 2015 and the remainder of the ten year forecast period.

As noted above, the City anticipates discontinuing DWSD water service as of April 1, 2014. At that point Genesee County will no longer be a wholesale customer of the City. Therefore the forecast of the County's consumption has been adjusted to account for the final 3 months of FY 2014 (i.e. April, May and June) during which the City will not be providing water service to the County.

TABLE 5: FORECAST INSIDE CITY WATER CONSUMPTION

Category (Acres)	Historical FY 2012	Historical FY 2013	Historical FY 2014	Historical FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Inside City Residential														
Inside City Block 1	1,510,854	1,720,892	1,824,813	1,879,841	1,925,913	1,975,913	1,975,913	1,975,913	1,975,913	1,975,913	1,975,913	1,975,913	1,975,913	1,975,913
Inside City Block 2	71,459	74,254	80,899	84,549	88,590	93,000	97,800	102,900	108,300	114,000	119,900	126,000	132,300	138,800
Inside City Block 3	1,416,343	1,810,932	2,740,835	3,741,815	4,745,636	5,745,516	6,745,516	7,745,516	8,745,516	9,745,516	10,745,516	11,745,516	12,745,516	13,745,516
Inside City Commercial/Industrial														
Inside City Block 1	109,742	110,543	111,282	111,782	112,182	112,582	112,982	113,382	113,782	114,182	114,582	114,982	115,382	115,782
Inside City Block 2	802,543	810,579	818,557	826,557	834,557	842,557	850,557	858,557	866,557	874,557	882,557	890,557	898,557	906,557
Inside City Block 3	2,089,377	2,444,447	2,811,228	3,177,228	3,543,228	3,909,228	4,275,228	4,641,228	5,007,228	5,373,228	5,739,228	6,105,228	6,471,228	6,837,228
Inside City Public														
Inside City Block 1	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432	8,432
Inside City Block 2	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365	5,365
Inside City Block 3	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000	13,410,000
Inside City Other														
Inside City Block 1	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030	1,663,030
Inside City Block 2	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334	852,334
Inside City Block 3	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239	219,239
Grand Total Inside City Water Consumption	2,836,817	3,444,319	4,444,319	5,444,319	6,444,319	7,444,319	8,444,319	9,444,319	10,444,319	11,444,319	12,444,319	13,444,319	14,444,319	15,444,319

TABLE 7: FORECAST OUTSIDE CITY WATER CONSUMPTION

Customer/Class	Actual FY 2013	Actual FY 2014	Budget FY 2014	Actual FY 2014	Forecast FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Outside City Watermeter															
Outside City Block 1 - 0-15	2,022	2,050	2,050	2,020	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250
Outside City Block 2 - 35-2000	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Outside City Block 3 - about 2000															
Total Outside City Watermeter	2,172	2,200	2,200	2,170	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
Outside City Commercial/Industrial															
Outside City Block 1 - 0-25	3,242	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250	3,250
Outside City Block 2 - 35-2000	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673	2,673
Outside City Block 3 - about 2000	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351	15,351
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	21,266	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274
Outside City Land															
Outside City Block 1 - 0-25	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 2 - 35-2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 3 - about 2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total Outside City Land	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Outside City Other															
Outside City Block 1 - 0-25	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 2 - 35-2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 3 - about 2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total Outside City Other	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
TOTAL OUTSIDE CITY WATER CONSUMPTION	21,266	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274
Outside City Other															
Outside City Block 1 - 0-25	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 2 - 35-2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 3 - about 2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total Outside City Other	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
TOTAL OUTSIDE CITY WATER CONSUMPTION	21,266	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274
Outside City Other															
Outside City Block 1 - 0-25	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 2 - 35-2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 3 - about 2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total Outside City Other	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
TOTAL OUTSIDE CITY WATER CONSUMPTION	21,266	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274
Outside City Other															
Outside City Block 1 - 0-25	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 2 - 35-2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Outside City Block 3 - about 2000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total Outside City Other	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
TOTAL OUTSIDE CITY WATER CONSUMPTION	21,266	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274	21,274

Forecast Water Revenue at Existing Rates

Water utility revenue at existing rates is the sum of the volumetric and fixed charge revenue. Fixed charge revenue at existing rates was determined by multiplying the number of forecast accounts at each meter size, by the existing rate for that size and again by 12, for each of the monthly bills. Volumetric revenue was determined by multiplying the level of consumption in each consumption block, by the existing rate for that block. Table B on the following page summarizes the level of water revenue at existing water rates.

The total level of water revenue at existing rates in FY 2014 is forecast to be approximately \$43 Million. Of this, around 70% is derived from the volumetric rates and 30% is associated with the fixed monthly service charges. In FY 2015, the level of revenue at existing rates is forecast to decline to approximately \$32 Million. This change can be attributed to the loss of Flint's existing wholesale customer Genesee County, which will occur as a result of the City's discontinuing DWSD water service. On a going forward basis, the level of revenues at existing water rates would remain at 32 Million assuming consumption and account growth remain flat and the City makes no adjustments to water rates.

3.2.2 Forecast of Water Operation and Maintenance Expenditures

Water O&M Inflation Rates

The budgets provided by the City are the basis for the forecast of water utility O&M expenditures. Given that the transition from DWSD to KWA involves significant shifts in budgetary expenditures on a relatively detailed level, the City provided uninflated estimates of budgeted O&M expenditures for FY 2014 through FY 2017. To forecast the level of water utility O&M expenditures that the City would incur over the forecast period we applied the escalation rates shown in Table 9 below.

TABLE 9: WATER O&M ESCALATION RATES

Category	Budget Year FY 2014	Test Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Wages & Salaries	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Benefits	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Pension	0%	3%	3%	3%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Medical	0%	3%	4%	4%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Materials/Supplies	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
General	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Vehicles	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Rent	0%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Deprec/Delet Equip Replace	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cost Alloc Plan-Expense	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Utilities	0%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%
Maintenance	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Capital Outlay	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Water Supply Costs	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
KWA Bond Payment	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
KWA Inflation Fee	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Purchase of KWA raw water	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Transfer to 101	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Transfer to 403	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

The rates shown above were developed based on discussions with City staff and our experience with similar utilities.

Forecast Water Utility Operation and Maintenance Expenditures

Tables 10 and 11 on the following page indicate the estimated level of water utility O&M expenditures over the forecast period, both by the escalation rate categories and by department.

In FY 2014, the largest O&M expenditures related to the "Water Plant-Operations" department within which the bulk water purchases from DWSD were included. Note that this amount decreases significantly in FY 2015 and going forward as the City transitions from DWSD to KWA. Excluding purchased water, the most notable expenditures are associated with personnel: Wages and Salaries, Benefits, Pension, and the City's share of retiree healthcare benefits ("Cost Alloc. Plan-Expense"). In general, water O&M expenditures are projected to decrease from around \$36 Million currently to \$21 Million in FY 2015 with inflationary increases thereafter.

TABLE 10: WATER O&M BY CATEGORY

Category	BUDGET YEAR											
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Utilities & Services	\$ 3,539,467	\$ 3,132,258	\$ 3,101,403	\$ 3,495,915	\$ 4,019,763	\$ 4,019,763	\$ 4,257,128	\$ 4,264,842	\$ 4,514,307	\$ 4,514,307	\$ 4,791,425	\$ 4,935,110
Utilities	\$ 1,197,224	\$ 1,222,942	\$ 1,200,202	\$ 1,229,872	\$ 1,232,019	\$ 1,232,019	\$ 1,430,443	\$ 1,430,997	\$ 1,504,023	\$ 1,504,023	\$ 1,586,471	\$ 1,644,305
Services	\$ 1,603,768	\$ 1,593,263	\$ 1,907,915	\$ 2,067,319	\$ 2,151,876	\$ 2,151,876	\$ 2,241,623	\$ 2,537,139	\$ 2,980,356	\$ 2,980,356	\$ 2,937,456	\$ 3,053,915
Medical												
Medical Supplies	\$ 1,615,000	\$ 2,300,724	\$ 2,578,036	\$ 2,239,183	\$ 2,100,724	\$ 2,100,724	\$ 2,144,207	\$ 2,609,615	\$ 2,609,615	\$ 2,780,314	\$ 2,965,610	\$ 2,945,526
General	\$ 3,311,639	\$ 3,143,790	\$ 3,046,809	\$ 3,652,966	\$ 3,762,576	\$ 3,762,576	\$ 3,661,717	\$ 4,111,468	\$ 4,234,812	\$ 4,351,857	\$ 4,492,712	\$ 4,629,454
Vehicle	\$ 640,336	\$ 182,266	\$ 202,672	\$ 773,753	\$ 745,465	\$ 745,465	\$ 790,684	\$ 811,590	\$ 830,020	\$ 854,108	\$ 890,124	\$ 916,828
Fleet	\$ 640,336	\$ 182,266	\$ 202,672	\$ 773,753	\$ 745,465	\$ 745,465	\$ 790,684	\$ 811,590	\$ 830,020	\$ 854,108	\$ 890,124	\$ 916,828
Depreciation Equip. Dividers												
Costs Alloc. Plant Expense	\$ 4,810,000	\$ 1,511,810	\$ 2,006,823	\$ 4,115,273	\$ 4,843,731	\$ 4,843,731	\$ 4,629,816	\$ 4,609,439	\$ 5,105,513	\$ 5,222,007	\$ 5,420,279	\$ 5,693,335
Utilities	\$ 910,000	\$ 1,165,700	\$ 1,567,808	\$ 1,167,948	\$ 1,210,885	\$ 1,210,885	\$ 1,151,241	\$ 1,117,291	\$ 1,205,503	\$ 1,205,503	\$ 1,271,719	\$ 1,300,980
Maintenance	\$ 182,200	\$ 272,200	\$ 476,800	\$ 449,800	\$ 461,459	\$ 461,459	\$ 483,554	\$ 604,246	\$ 519,270	\$ 534,957	\$ 551,606	\$ 569,636
Capital Outlay	\$ 60,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 31,021	\$ 33,783	\$ 3,765	\$ 3,765	\$ 34,776	\$ 35,823	\$ 34,003	\$ 35,143	\$ 40,317	\$ 41,517
Water Supply Costs												
WVA Bond Payment												
WVA Insurance P&G												
Franchise of WVA, raw water												
Transfer to 495	\$ 1,129,000	\$ 1,310,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000
Transfer to 495	\$ 25,845,206	\$ 21,413,541	\$ 21,440,018	\$ 21,316,843	\$ 23,949,304	\$ 23,949,304	\$ 25,133,501	\$ 25,168,715	\$ 26,958,300	\$ 27,774,440	\$ 29,607,924	\$ 29,458,268

TABLE 11: WATER O&M BY DEPARTMENT

Department	BUDGET YEAR											
	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Water Administration	\$ 7,402,304	\$ 7,710,511	\$ 7,145,452	\$ 8,170,197	\$ 11,419,656	\$ 11,419,656	\$ 8,923,374	\$ 11,485,485	\$ 11,487,012	\$ 11,487,012	\$ 13,824,288	\$ 14,028,568
Water Distribution	\$ 1,041,200	\$ 1,065,204	\$ 1,121,007	\$ 1,116,018	\$ 1,241,142	\$ 1,241,142	\$ 1,234,438	\$ 1,234,438	\$ 1,234,438	\$ 1,234,438	\$ 1,404,419	\$ 1,435,783
Water Treatment	\$ 1,223,240	\$ 1,244,500	\$ 1,284,275	\$ 1,324,540	\$ 1,365,820	\$ 1,365,820	\$ 1,405,001	\$ 1,405,001	\$ 1,405,001	\$ 1,405,001	\$ 1,619,172	\$ 1,701,728
Water Supply	\$ 730,577	\$ 732,284	\$ 733,638	\$ 735,643	\$ 737,648	\$ 737,648	\$ 739,653	\$ 741,658	\$ 743,663	\$ 745,668	\$ 747,673	\$ 749,678
Water Distribution	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587	\$ 2,250,587
Water Treatment	\$ 21,645,648	\$ 4,320,958	\$ 8,028,034	\$ 6,900,407	\$ 6,455,060	\$ 6,455,060	\$ 6,455,060	\$ 6,455,060	\$ 6,455,060	\$ 6,455,060	\$ 6,455,060	\$ 6,455,060
Water Supply	\$ 1,208,000	\$ 1,659,451	\$ 1,648,100	\$ 1,740,751	\$ 1,769,304	\$ 1,769,304	\$ 1,822,075	\$ 1,822,075	\$ 1,822,075	\$ 1,822,075	\$ 2,109,562	\$ 2,272,210
Water Distribution												
Water Treatment												
Water Supply	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000
Water Distribution												
Water Treatment												
Water Supply	\$ 25,085,206	\$ 21,403,441	\$ 23,165,012	\$ 23,916,857	\$ 23,949,304	\$ 23,949,304	\$ 25,133,501	\$ 25,168,715	\$ 26,958,300	\$ 27,774,440	\$ 29,607,924	\$ 29,458,268

3.2.3 *Water Utility CIP and CIP Financing*

Tables 12 and 13 on the following two pages indicate the water capital improvements program ("CIP") provided by the City and the CIP financing plan.

As the plan we received from the City was presented in current year dollars, we escalated the project amounts 3% per year from FY 2015 onward. The largest capital improvements in dollar terms are associated with the rehabilitation of the City's water treatment plant (i.e. Water Plant-Phase II projects). These projects are in large part associated with transitioning the City's water treatment plant from back-up status to the primary source of treated water for the City. As discussed above, the improvements to the water treatment plant will allow the City to treat raw water purchased from the KWA for distribution to City customers. In general, the level of spending in the CIP decreases from \$10 Million to \$7.5 Million as the plant improvements are completed and increases again in the out years due to planned annual recapitalization.

There are three items of note in Table 13. First, all projects are projected to be cash financed at this time. The City may seek to leverage its revenue stream in the future via use of the State of Michigan's ("State") Drinking Water Revolving Revenue Fund ("DWRRF") loan program. This would be particularly beneficial for major water capital improvements, as it would spread the financing responsibility over existing and future ratepayers who receive the benefit of the improvement throughout the asset's useful life. Second, note that the proceeds from the recently completed sale of the Flint pipeline to Genesee County have been included to offset the costs of the treatment plant improvements. Finally, note that the "uses" category includes a line for additional uses, which represent the KWA Initiation payments required of the City until it begins paying its share of KWA debt service in FY 2017.

TABLE 12: WATER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM

Project	Budget FY 2014	Fiscal Year	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030	FY 2031	FY 2032	FY 2033	FY 2034	FY 2035	FY 2036	FY 2037	FY 2038	FY 2039	FY 2040	FY 2041	FY 2042	FY 2043	FY 2044	FY 2045	FY 2046	FY 2047	FY 2048	FY 2049	FY 2050	FY 2051	FY 2052	FY 2053	FY 2054	FY 2055	FY 2056	FY 2057	FY 2058	FY 2059	FY 2060	FY 2061	FY 2062	FY 2063	FY 2064	FY 2065	FY 2066	FY 2067	FY 2068	FY 2069	FY 2070	FY 2071	FY 2072	FY 2073	FY 2074	FY 2075	FY 2076	FY 2077	FY 2078	FY 2079	FY 2080	FY 2081	FY 2082	FY 2083	FY 2084	FY 2085	FY 2086	FY 2087	FY 2088	FY 2089	FY 2090	FY 2091	FY 2092	FY 2093	FY 2094	FY 2095	FY 2096	FY 2097	FY 2098	FY 2099	FY 2100	FY 2101	FY 2102	FY 2103	FY 2104	FY 2105	FY 2106	FY 2107	FY 2108	FY 2109	FY 2110	FY 2111	FY 2112	FY 2113	FY 2114	FY 2115	FY 2116	FY 2117	FY 2118	FY 2119	FY 2120	FY 2121	FY 2122	FY 2123	FY 2124	FY 2125	FY 2126	FY 2127	FY 2128	FY 2129	FY 2130	FY 2131	FY 2132	FY 2133	FY 2134	FY 2135	FY 2136	FY 2137	FY 2138	FY 2139	FY 2140	FY 2141	FY 2142	FY 2143	FY 2144	FY 2145	FY 2146	FY 2147	FY 2148	FY 2149	FY 2150	FY 2151	FY 2152	FY 2153	FY 2154	FY 2155	FY 2156	FY 2157	FY 2158	FY 2159	FY 2160	FY 2161	FY 2162	FY 2163	FY 2164	FY 2165	FY 2166	FY 2167	FY 2168	FY 2169	FY 2170	FY 2171	FY 2172	FY 2173	FY 2174	FY 2175	FY 2176	FY 2177	FY 2178	FY 2179	FY 2180	FY 2181	FY 2182	FY 2183	FY 2184	FY 2185	FY 2186	FY 2187	FY 2188	FY 2189	FY 2190	FY 2191	FY 2192	FY 2193	FY 2194	FY 2195	FY 2196	FY 2197	FY 2198	FY 2199	FY 2200	FY 2201	FY 2202	FY 2203	FY 2204	FY 2205	FY 2206	FY 2207	FY 2208	FY 2209	FY 2210	FY 2211	FY 2212	FY 2213	FY 2214	FY 2215	FY 2216	FY 2217	FY 2218	FY 2219	FY 2220	FY 2221	FY 2222	FY 2223	FY 2224	FY 2225	FY 2226	FY 2227	FY 2228	FY 2229	FY 2230	FY 2231	FY 2232	FY 2233	FY 2234	FY 2235	FY 2236	FY 2237	FY 2238	FY 2239	FY 2240	FY 2241	FY 2242	FY 2243	FY 2244	FY 2245	FY 2246	FY 2247	FY 2248	FY 2249	FY 2250	FY 2251	FY 2252	FY 2253	FY 2254	FY 2255	FY 2256	FY 2257	FY 2258	FY 2259	FY 2260	FY 2261	FY 2262	FY 2263	FY 2264	FY 2265	FY 2266	FY 2267	FY 2268	FY 2269	FY 2270	FY 2271	FY 2272	FY 2273	FY 2274	FY 2275	FY 2276	FY 2277	FY 2278	FY 2279	FY 2280	FY 2281	FY 2282	FY 2283	FY 2284	FY 2285	FY 2286	FY 2287	FY 2288	FY 2289	FY 2290	FY 2291	FY 2292	FY 2293	FY 2294	FY 2295	FY 2296	FY 2297	FY 2298	FY 2299	FY 2300	FY 2301	FY 2302	FY 2303	FY 2304	FY 2305	FY 2306	FY 2307	FY 2308	FY 2309	FY 2310	FY 2311	FY 2312	FY 2313	FY 2314	FY 2315	FY 2316	FY 2317	FY 2318	FY 2319	FY 2320	FY 2321	FY 2322	FY 2323	FY 2324	FY 2325	FY 2326	FY 2327	FY 2328	FY 2329	FY 2330	FY 2331	FY 2332	FY 2333	FY 2334	FY 2335	FY 2336	FY 2337	FY 2338	FY 2339	FY 2340	FY 2341	FY 2342	FY 2343	FY 2344	FY 2345	FY 2346	FY 2347	FY 2348	FY 2349	FY 2350	FY 2351
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TABLE 13: WATER CIP FINANCING PLAN

	Budget Year FY 2014	1st Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Engineering CIP Fund Balance												
Beginning Year Construction Fund Balance	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Carry-Over CIP from Previous Year	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Net Funds Available for Current CIP	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Revenues of CIP Financing												
Water Revenue Bonds Issued	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Water Construction Permit Program	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Water Rate Revenue Financing (CRF)	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
SPAC Receipts Used for CIP Financing	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Proceeds from Sale of First Waterline	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Uses of CIP Funds												
Total WSC Water Fund	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Total Water Fund	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Additional Uses	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Total Current Year CIP	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Bond Issuance Costs	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Refunding of Commercial Paper	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
END OF YEAR: Ending CIP Fund Balance	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Fund Balance (% of Next Year's CIP)	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821
Balance from Target	\$ 144,700	\$ 292,302	\$ 423,405	\$ 423,405	\$ 19,000	\$ 20,074	\$ 242,335	\$ 244,125	\$ 12,927	\$ 12,927	\$ 43,711	\$ 395,821

3.2.4 Water Cash Flow Forecast

The final step in the development of the water utility financial plan involves the preparation of a comprehensive cash flow forecast. A summary of the water cash flow forecast is presented in Table 14 on the following page. The key components of the forecast are Financial Plan Inputs, Revenues, Expenditures, and Operating Performance.

- The Financial Plan Inputs component indicates the forecast rate revenue increases. These increases were determined in consultation with City staff and are designed to:
 - Ensure recovery of O&M expenditures and existing water utility debt service
 - Provide cash financing for the capital projects outlined in the CIP including those necessary to transition from DWSD to the KWA
 - Minimize the risk associated with operating a climate dependent enterprise via the build-up of operating reserves equivalent to 90 days of O&M and Debt Service

The Revenues component indicates the revenue at existing rates discussed previously, non-rate revenue and the additional revenue generated by the rate revenue increases shown in the Inputs section. Given the forecast of water demand, O&M and capital expenditures and the 90 Day operating reserve benchmark, the "additional revenue" line represents the amount of revenue needed—above existing rate revenues—to ensure adequate recovery of the water utility's revenue requirement in each year of the forecast.

The Expenditures component indicates the major sources of expenditures for the City's water utility: O&M expenditures, Capital expenditures (Rate Revenue Financing and Debt Service) and Transfers to the Operating Reserve.

The Operating performance component indicates the year end position of the water utility with respect to a few key factors. Included are the estimated operating reserve balance, the target reserve balance (90 Days of O&M and Debt Service), the construction fund ending balance and the water utility's debt service coverage ratio.

3.3 WASTEWATER UTILITY FINANCIAL PLAN

3.3.1 Forecast Wastewater Units of Service and Revenues at Existing Rates

Wastewater Utility Rates

The City recovers the cost of operating the wastewater utility via volumetric rates (i.e. rates based on the amount of wastewater discharged) and fixed monthly service charges (a charge per customer bill). The City's existing wastewater volumetric charge is a uniform rate, or a rate that does not vary (on a per unit basis) as the amount of wastewater discharged varies. The existing wastewater volumetric rate structure is indicated in Table 15 below. Similar to the water utility volumetric rate structure a distinction is made between inside and outside city customers, with the outside city rate set at approximately 110% of the inside city rate.

TABLE 15: EXISTING WASTEWATER VOLUMETRIC RATES

CUSTOMER CLASS		Test-Year FY 2014 Existing Rates
Total Inside City All Classes	(\$/CCF)	\$ 4.80
Total Outside City All Classes	(\$/CCF)	\$ 5.29

The existing wastewater rate structure includes a fixed service charge which varies by customer water meter size. The rates are shown in Table 16 on the following page. Most Flint residential customers have a 5/8" meter and currently pay the \$32.00 fixed monthly service charge. Similar to the wastewater volumetric rate, the wastewater fixed charges include an inside outside city differential (120%).

In addition to the retail wastewater rates, the City currently serves a wholesale wastewater customer, Beecher Metropolitan District ("District"). The District currently pays \$1.34 per CCF of wastewater discharged, an amount that was negotiated in the 1995 Contract between the City and the District.

TABLE 16: EXISTING WASTEWATER FIXED CHARGES

CUSTOMER CLASS	Fiscal Year FY 2014 Existing Rates
Inside City Residential Customers	
5/8"	\$ 32.00
3/4"	\$ 46.92
1"	\$ 65.34
1-1/2"	\$ 65.34
2"	\$ 65.34
Inside City Commercial/Industrial Customers	
5/8"	\$ 51.92
3/4"	\$ 64.43
1"	\$ 84.71
1-1/2"	\$ 137.64
2"	\$ 196.16
3"	\$ 438.06
4"	\$ 721.84
6"	\$ 1,459.95
8"	\$ 2,148.21
10"	\$ 2,918.39
12"	\$ 3,426.23
16"	\$ 4,523.95
20"	\$ 5,326.87
Outside City Residential Customers	
5/8"	\$ 41.01
3/4"	\$ 56.01
1"	\$ 76.99
1-1/2"	\$ 76.99
2"	\$ 76.99
Outside City Commercial/Industrial Customers	
5/8"	\$ 58.12
3/4"	\$ 73.62
1"	\$ 98.05
1-1/2"	\$ 164.80
2"	\$ 232.43
3"	\$ 522.87
4"	\$ 886.01
6"	\$ 1,770.13
8"	\$ 2,646.52
10"	\$ 3,522.54
12"	\$ 4,132.57
16"	\$ 5,497.91
20"	\$ 6,532.02

Forecast Wastewater Units of Service

In order to forecast the level of revenue expected under existing wastewater fixed and volumetric rates, the number of wastewater accounts and the level of wastewater usage must be estimated for the forecast period. The number of historical and forecast wastewater utility accounts is indicated in Tables 17 and 18 on the following two pages.

Note that the raw billing data appear to indicate a 14% increase in inside city accounts and an 18% increase in outside city accounts from FY 2012 to FY 2013. This increase in accounts does not appear to have been sustained into FY 2014. The City has indicated that wastewater billings have decreased approximately 12% from FY 2013. Given this change we have adjusted the forecast level of wastewater accounts to be around 13% less than their FY 2013 level. As no significant growth the City's customer base is expected, no customer growth has been forecast on a going forward basis.

TABLE 17: FORECAST INSIDE CITY WASTEWATER ACCOUNTS

Customer Class	Historical FY 2012	Historical FY 2013	Budget Year FY 2014	Fed Year FY 2016	Forecast FY 2015	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Inside City Residential														
0														
50														
50"	24,975	26,890	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760	24,760
50A"														
1"	271	337	293	293	293	293	293	293	293	293	293	293	293	293
1-1/2"	26	30	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
2"	9	11	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Unmetered														
Total Inside City Residential Remote	25,282	28,641	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091	25,091
Inside City Commercial/Industrial														
0														
50														
50B"	324	402	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350
50A"														
1"	240	273	238	238	238	238	238	238	238	238	238	238	238	238
1-1/2"	238	203	229	229	229	229	229	229	229	229	229	229	229	229
2"	237	271	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236
3"	78	89	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
4"	56	61	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
6"	36	47	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
8"	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
10"														
12"														
16"														
20"														
Unmetered														
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	1,281	1,403	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221	1,221
Total Inside City Accounts	26,563	30,044	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312	26,312
		14%	-13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

TABLE 18: FORECAST OUTSIDE CITY WASTEWATER ACCOUNTS

Customer Class	Historical FY 2012	Historical FY 2013	Budget Year FY 2014	Test Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Outside City Residential														
0	0	0												
0.5	0	0												
5/8"	6	7	0	6	5	6	6	8	5	8	8	6	0	6
3/4"	0	0												
1"	0	0												
1 1/2"	0	0												
2"	0	0												
Unmetered	0	0												
Total Outside City Residential Revenue	6	7	0	6	5	6	6	8	5	8	8	6	0	6
Outside City Commercial/Industrial														
0														
0.5														
5/8"	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
3/4"														
1"	2	3	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1
1 1/2"	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
2"	2	2	8	7	7	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	8	8
3"														
4"														
6"														
8"														
10"														
12"														
16"														
20"														
Unmetered														
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Total Outside City Accounts	17	28	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
		16%	-13%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

In addition to forecasting the number of accounts by meter size and customer class, the level of wastewater usage must also be estimated for the forecast period. The historical and forecast level of wastewater usage by customer class can be on Table 19 on the following page.

Note that—consistent with the significant increase in inside city water accounts in FY 2013—inside city wastewater usage has increased significantly in FY 2013 (18%). Given the uncertainty surrounding this most recent upswing in billed wastewater usage, and the subsequent decrease in billed wastewater revenues, retail usage has been forecast at 15% below FY 2013 levels for FY 2014, FY 2015 and the remainder of the ten year forecast period.

TABLE 15: FORECAST WASTEWATER USAGE

Category / Item	Actual FY 2022	Historical FY 2021	Budget FY 2024	Actual FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025	Forecast FY 2026	Forecast FY 2027	Forecast FY 2028	Forecast FY 2029	Forecast FY 2030
OUTSIDE CITY											
<i>(Includes City of Denver Wastewater Usage)</i>											
Total Wastewater Treatment	1,349,611	1,054,951	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606
Total Wastewater Collection	1,349,611	1,054,951	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606
Total Wastewater Disposal	1,349,611	1,054,951	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606	1,076,606
Total Wastewater Treatment & Disposal	2,699,222	2,109,902	2,153,212	2,153,212	2,153,212	2,153,212	2,153,212	2,153,212	2,153,212	2,153,212	2,153,212
MILPITAS CITY											
<i>(Includes City of Milpitas Wastewater Usage)</i>											
Total Wastewater Treatment	215	212	206	206	206	206	206	206	206	206	206
Total Wastewater Collection	215	212	206	206	206	206	206	206	206	206	206
Total Wastewater Disposal	215	212	206	206	206	206	206	206	206	206	206
Total Wastewater Treatment & Disposal	430	424	412	412	412	412	412	412	412	412	412
TOTAL NETSAL											
Total Wastewater Treatment	1,349,826	1,055,163	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812
Total Wastewater Collection	1,349,826	1,055,163	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812
Total Wastewater Disposal	1,349,826	1,055,163	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812	1,076,812
Total Wastewater Treatment & Disposal	2,699,652	2,110,326	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624
TURNING POINT WASTEWATER USAGE											
Turning Point Wastewater Usage	2,699,652	2,110,326	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624	2,153,624
TOTAL WASTEWATER USAGE											
Total Wastewater Usage	5,398,874	4,220,652	4,307,246	4,307,246	4,307,246	4,307,246	4,307,246	4,307,246	4,307,246	4,307,246	4,307,246

Forecast Wastewater Revenue at Existing Rates

Wastewater utility revenue at existing rates is the sum of wastewater volumetric and fixed charge revenue. Fixed charge revenue at existing rates was determined by multiplying the number of forecast accounts at each meter size, by the existing rate for that size and again by 12 for each of the monthly bills. Volumetric revenue was determined by multiplying the level of consumption by customer class, by the existing volumetric rates. Table 20 on the following page indicates the level of wastewater revenue at existing rates.

Total wastewater revenue at existing rates in FY 2014 is forecast to be approximately \$27 Million. Of this, approximately 54% is derived from the volumetric rates and 46% is associated with the fixed monthly service charges. On a going forward basis, the level of revenues at existing wastewater rates would remain at \$27 Million assuming consumption remains flat and the City makes no adjustments to wastewater rates.

TABLE 20: FORECAST WASTEWATER REVENUE AT FY 2014 RATES

SUMMARY OF FORECAST WASTEWATER RATE REVENUE AT EXISTING RATES													
Customer Class	Budget Year FY 2014	Test Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025	Forecast FY 2026
GRAND TOTAL SYSTEM USAGE REVENUE	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754
GRAND TOTAL SYSTEM FIXED CHARGE REVENUE	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621
GRAND TOTAL WASTEWATER REVENUE AT EXISTING RATES	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374	\$ 27,777,374
SUMMARY OF RETAIL WASTEWATER REVENUE													
Customer Class	Budget Year FY 2014	Test Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025	Forecast FY 2026
TOTAL RETAIL USAGE REVENUE													
Total Inside City Residential	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083	\$ 7,500,083
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917	\$ 6,750,917
	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999	\$ 14,250,999
WHOLESALE USAGE REVENUE													
Becker Main Wholesale Rate	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753	\$ 685,753
GRAND TOTAL SYSTEM USAGE REVENUE	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754	\$ 15,005,754
SUMMARY OF FIXED CHARGE WASTEWATER REVENUE													
Customer Class	Budget Year FY 2014	Test Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025	Forecast FY 2026
TOTAL RETAIL FIXED CHARGE REVENUE													
Total Inside City Residential	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131	\$ 9,771,131
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074	\$ 2,972,074
	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205	\$ 12,743,205
WHOLESALE FIXED CHARGE REVENUE													
Becker Main Fixed Charge	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516	\$ 27,516
GRAND TOTAL SYSTEM FIXED CHARGE REVENUE	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621	\$ 12,771,621

3.3.2 Forecast Wastewater Utility Operation and Maintenance Expenditures

Wastewater O&M Inflation Rates

The budgets provided by the City are the basis for the forecast of wastewater utility O&M expenditures. To forecast the level of wastewater utility O&M expenditures that the City is projected to incur over the forecast period we applied escalation rates shown in Table 21 below.

TABLE 21: WASTEWATER O&M ESCALATION RATES

Category	Budget Year FY 2014	Fiscal Year FY 2015	Forecast FY 2016	Forecast FY 2017	Forecast FY 2018	Forecast FY 2019	Forecast FY 2020	Forecast FY 2021	Forecast FY 2022	Forecast FY 2023	Forecast FY 2024	Forecast FY 2025
Wages & Salaries	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Benefits	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Pension	0%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%
Medical	0%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%
Materials/Supplies	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Contract	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Vehicle	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Plan	0%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Deprec/Deprec Equip Expense	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Cost Alloc. Plan-Expense	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Utilities	0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Maintenance	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Capital Outlay	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Water Supply Costs	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
W/A Bond Payments	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
W/A Inflation Fee	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Purchases of CWA (ex. H&M)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Transfer to 101	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Transfer to 463	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Forecast Wastewater Operation and Maintenance Expenditures

Tables 22 and 23 on the following page indicate level of wastewater O&M expenditures over the forecast period, by the escalation rate categories and by department.

Unlike the water utility there is no single large cost driver. The most notable expenditures are associated with personnel: Wages and Salaries, Benefits, Pension, and the City's share of retiree healthcare benefits ("Cost Alloc. Plan-Expense"). In general, wastewater O&M expenditures are projected to decrease from 24 Million in FY 2014 to 23 Million in FY 2015 with inflationary increases thereafter.

TABLE 22: WASTEWATER O&M BY CATEGORY

Category	Budget Year	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
Project & Services	\$	4,375,000	\$	4,211,276	\$	4,450,943	\$	4,581,446	\$	4,711,523	\$	4,842,542	\$	4,973,623	\$	5,104,709	\$	5,235,795	\$	5,366,881	\$	5,497,967	\$	5,629,053	\$	5,760,139	\$	5,891,225	\$	6,022,311	\$	6,153,397	\$	6,284,483	\$	6,415,569	\$	6,546,655	\$	6,677,741	\$	6,808,827	\$	6,939,913	\$	7,071,000	\$	7,202,086	\$	7,333,172	\$	7,464,258	\$	7,595,344	\$	7,726,430	\$	7,857,516	\$	7,988,602	\$	8,119,688	\$	8,250,774	\$	8,381,860	\$	8,512,946	\$	8,644,032	\$	8,775,118	\$	8,906,204	\$	9,037,290	\$	9,168,376	\$	9,299,462	\$	9,430,548	\$	9,561,634	\$	9,692,720	\$	9,823,806	\$	9,954,892	\$	10,085,978	\$	10,217,064	\$	10,348,150	\$	10,479,236	\$	10,610,322	\$	10,741,408	\$	10,872,494	\$	11,003,580	\$	11,134,666	\$	11,265,752	\$	11,396,838	\$	11,527,924	\$	11,659,010	\$	11,790,096	\$	11,921,182	\$	12,052,268	\$	12,183,354	\$	12,314,440	\$	12,445,526	\$	12,576,612	\$	12,707,698	\$	12,838,784	\$	12,969,870	\$	13,100,956	\$	13,232,042	\$	13,363,128	\$	13,494,214	\$	13,625,300	\$	13,756,386	\$	13,887,472	\$	14,018,558	\$	14,149,644	\$	14,280,730	\$	14,411,816	\$	14,542,902	\$	14,673,988	\$	14,805,074	\$	14,936,160	\$	15,067,246	\$	15,198,332	\$	15,329,418	\$	15,460,504	\$	15,591,590	\$	15,722,676	\$	15,853,762	\$	15,984,848	\$	16,115,934	\$	16,247,020	\$	16,378,106	\$	16,509,192	\$	16,640,278	\$	16,771,364	\$	16,902,450	\$	17,033,536	\$	17,164,622	\$	17,295,708	\$	17,426,794	\$	17,557,880	\$	17,688,966	\$	17,820,052	\$	17,951,138	\$	18,082,224	\$	18,213,310	\$	18,344,396	\$	18,475,482	\$	18,606,568	\$	18,737,654	\$	18,868,740	\$	19,000,000	\$	19,131,260	\$	19,262,520	\$	19,393,780	\$	19,525,040	\$	19,656,300	\$	19,787,560	\$	19,918,820	\$	20,050,080	\$	20,181,340	\$	20,312,600	\$	20,443,860	\$	20,575,120	\$	20,706,380	\$	20,837,640	\$	20,968,900	\$	21,100,160	\$	21,231,420	\$	21,362,680	\$	21,493,940	\$	21,625,200	\$	21,756,460	\$	21,887,720	\$	22,018,980	\$	22,150,240	\$	22,281,500	\$	22,412,760	\$	22,544,020	\$	22,675,280	\$	22,806,540	\$	22,937,800	\$	23,069,060	\$	23,200,320	\$	23,331,580	\$	23,462,840	\$	23,594,100	\$	23,725,360	\$	23,856,620	\$	23,987,880	\$	24,119,140	\$	24,250,400	\$	24,381,660	\$	24,512,920	\$	24,644,180	\$	24,775,440	\$	24,906,700	\$	25,037,960	\$	25,169,220	\$	25,300,480	\$	25,431,740	\$	25,563,000	\$	25,694,260	\$	25,825,520	\$	25,956,780	\$	26,088,040	\$	26,219,300	\$	26,350,560	\$	26,481,820	\$	26,613,080	\$	26,744,340	\$	26,875,600	\$	27,006,860	\$	27,138,120	\$	27,269,380	\$	27,400,640	\$	27,531,900	\$	27,663,160	\$	27,794,420	\$	27,925,680	\$	28,056,940	\$	28,188,200	\$	28,319,460	\$	28,450,720	\$	28,581,980	\$	28,713,240	\$	28,844,500	\$	28,975,760	\$	29,107,020	\$	29,238,280	\$	29,369,540	\$	29,500,800	\$	29,632,060	\$	29,763,320	\$	29,894,580	\$	30,025,840	\$	30,157,100	\$	30,288,360	\$	30,419,620	\$	30,550,880	\$	30,682,140	\$	30,813,400	\$	30,944,660	\$	31,075,920	\$	31,207,180	\$	31,338,440	\$	31,469,700	\$	31,600,960	\$	31,732,220	\$	31,863,480	\$	31,994,740	\$	32,126,000	\$	32,257,260	\$	32,388,520	\$	32,519,780	\$	32,651,040	\$	32,782,300	\$	32,913,560	\$	33,044,820	\$	33,176,080	\$	33,307,340	\$	33,438,600	\$	33,569,860	\$	33,701,120	\$	33,832,380	\$	33,963,640	\$	34,094,900	\$	34,226,160	\$	34,357,420	\$	34,488,680	\$	34,619,940	\$	34,751,200	\$	34,882,460	\$	35,013,720	\$	35,144,980	\$	35,276,240	\$	35,407,500	\$	35,538,760	\$	35,670,020	\$	35,801,280	\$	35,932,540	\$	36,063,800	\$	36,195,060	\$	36,326,320	\$	36,457,580	\$	36,588,840	\$	36,720,100	\$	36,851,360	\$	36,982,620	\$	37,113,880	\$	37,245,140	\$	37,376,400	\$	37,507,660	\$	37,638,920	\$	37,770,180	\$	37,901,440	\$	38,032,700	\$	38,163,960	\$	38,295,220	\$	38,426,480	\$	38,557,740	\$	38,689,000	\$	38,820,260	\$	38,951,520	\$	39,082,780	\$	39,214,040	\$	39,345,300	\$	39,476,560	\$	39,607,820	\$	39,739,080	\$	39,870,340	\$	40,001,600	\$	40,132,860	\$	40,264,120	\$	40,395,380	\$	40,526,640	\$	40,657,900	\$	40,789,160	\$	40,920,420	\$	41,051,680	\$	41,182,940	\$	41,314,200	\$	41,445,460	\$	41,576,720	\$	41,707,980	\$	41,839,240	\$	41,970,500	\$	42,101,760	\$	42,233,020	\$	42,364,280	\$	42,495,540	\$	42,626,800	\$	42,758,060	\$	42,889,320	\$	43,020,580	\$	43,151,840	\$	43,283,100	\$	43,414,360	\$	43,545,620	\$	43,676,880	\$	43,808,140	\$	43,939,400	\$	44,070,660	\$	44,201,920	\$	44,333,180	\$	44,464,440	\$	44,595,700	\$	44,726,960	\$	44,858,220	\$	44,989,480	\$	45,120,740	\$	45,252,000	\$	45,383,260	\$	45,514,520	\$	45,645,780	\$	45,777,040	\$	45,908,300	\$	46,039,560	\$	46,170,820	\$	46,302,080	\$	46,433,340	\$	46,564,600	\$	46,695,860	\$	46,827,120	\$	46,958,380	\$	47,089,640	\$	47,220,900	\$	47,352,160	\$	47,483,420	\$	47,614,680	\$	47,745,940	\$	47,877,200	\$	48,008,460	\$	48,139,720	\$	48,271,000	\$	48,402,260	\$	48,533,520	\$	48,664,780	\$	48,796,040	\$	48,927,300	\$	49,058,560	\$	49,189,820	\$	49,321,080	\$	49,452,340	\$	49,583,600	\$	49,714,860	\$	49,846,120	\$	49,977,380	\$	50,108,640	\$	50,239,900	\$	50,371,160	\$	50,502,420	\$	50,633,680	\$	50,764,940	\$	50,896,200	\$	51,027,460	\$	51,158,720	\$	51,290,000	\$	51,421,260	\$	51,552,520	\$	51,683,780	\$	51,815,040	\$	51,946,300	\$	52,077,560	\$	52,208,820	\$	52,340,080	\$	52,471,340	\$	52,602,600	\$	52,733,860	\$	52,865,120	\$	52,996,380	\$	53,127,640	\$	53,258,900	\$	53,390,160	\$	53,521,420	\$	53,652,680	\$	53,783,940	\$	53,915,200	\$	54,046,460	\$	54,177,720	\$	54,308,980	\$	54,440,240	\$	54,571,500	\$	54,702,760	\$	54,834,020	\$	54,965,280	\$	55,096,540	\$	55,227,800	\$	55,359,060	\$	55,490,320	\$	55,621,580	\$	55,752,840	\$	55,884,100	\$	56,015,360	\$	56,146,620	\$	56,277,880	\$	56,409,140	\$	56,540,400	\$	56,671,660	\$	56,802,920	\$	56,934,180	\$	57,065,440	\$	57,196,700	\$	57,327,960	\$	57,459,220	\$	57,590,480	\$	57,721,740	\$	57,853,000	\$	57,984,260	\$	58,115,520	\$	58,246,780	\$	58,378,040	\$	58,509,300	\$	58,640,560	\$	58,771,820	\$	58,903,080	\$	59,034,340	\$	59,165,600	\$	59,296,860	\$	59,428,120	\$	59,559,380	\$	59,690,640	\$	59,821,900	\$	59,953,160	\$	60,084,420	\$	60,215,680	\$	60,346,940	\$	60,478,200	\$	60,609,460	\$	60,740,720	\$	60,871,980	\$	61,003,240	\$	61,134,500	\$	61,265,760	\$	61,397,020	\$	61,528,280	\$	61,659,540	\$	61,790,800	\$	61,922,060	\$	62,053,320	\$	62,184,580	\$	62,315,840	\$	62,447,100	\$	62,578,360	\$	62,709,620	\$	62,840,880	\$	62,972,140	\$	63,103,400	\$	63,234,660	\$	63,365,920	\$	63,497,180	\$	63,628,440	\$	63,759,700	\$	63,890,960	\$	64,022,220	\$	64,153,480	\$	64,284,740	\$	64,416,000	\$	64,547,260	\$	64,678,520	\$	64,809,780	\$	64,941,040	\$	65,072,300	\$	65,203,560	\$	65,334,820	\$	65,466,080	\$	65,597,340	\$	65,728,600	\$	65,859,860	\$	65,991,120	\$	66,122,380	\$	66,253,640	\$	66,384,900	\$	66,516,160	\$	66,647,420	\$	66,778,680	\$	66,909,940	\$	67,041,200	\$	67,172,460	\$	67,303,720	\$	67,434,980	\$	67,566,240	\$	67,697,500	\$	67,828,760	\$	67,960,020	\$	68,091,280	\$	68,222,540	\$	68,353,800	\$	68,485,060	\$	68,616,320	\$	68,747,580	\$	68,878,840	\$	69,010,100	\$	69,141,360	\$	69,272,620	\$	69,403,880	\$	69,535,140	\$	69,666,400	\$	69,797,660	\$	69,928,920	\$	70,060,180	\$	70,191,440	\$	70,322,700	\$	70,453,960	\$	70,585,220	\$	70,716,480	\$	70,847,740	\$	70,979,000	\$	71,110,260	\$	71,241,520	\$	71,372,780	\$	71,504,040	\$	71,635,300	\$	71,766,560	\$	71,897,820	\$	72,029,080	\$	72,160,340	\$	72,291,600	\$	72,422,860	\$	72,554,120	\$	72,685,380	\$	72,816,640	\$	72,947,900	\$	73,079,160	\$	73,210,420	\$	73,341,680	\$	73,472,940	\$	73,604,200	\$	73,735,460	\$	73,866,720	\$	73,997,980	\$	74,129,240	\$	74,260,500	\$	74,391,760	\$	74,523,020	\$	74,654,280	\$	74,785,540	\$	74,916,800	\$	75,048,060	\$	75,179,320	\$	75,310,580	\$	75,441,840	\$	75,573,100	\$	75,704,360	\$	75,835,620	\$	75,966,880	\$	76,098,140	\$	76,229,400	\$	76,360,660	\$	76,491,920	\$	76,623,180	\$	76,754,440	\$	76,885,700	\$	77,016,960	\$	77,148,220	\$	77,279,480	\$	77,410,740	\$	77,542,000	\$	77,673,260	\$	77,804,520	\$	77,935,780	\$	78,067,040	\$	78,198,300	\$	78,329,560	\$	78,460,820	\$	78,592,080	\$	78,723,340	\$	78,854,600	\$	78,985,860	\$	79,117,120	\$	79,248,380	\$	79,379,640	\$	79,510,900	\$	79,642,160	\$	79,773,420	\$	79,904,680	\$	80,035,940	\$	80,167,200	\$	80,298,460	\$	80,429,720	\$	80,560,980	\$	80,692,240	\$	80,823,500	\$	80,954,760	\$	81,086,020	\$	81,217,280	\$	81,348,540	\$	81,479,800	\$	81,611,060	\$	81,742,320	\$	81,873,580	\$	82,004,840	\$	82,136,100	\$	82,267,360	\$	82,398,620	\$	82,529,880	\$	82,661,140	\$	82,792,400	\$	82,923,660	\$	83,054,920	\$	83,186,180	\$	83,317,440	\$	83,448,700	\$	83,579,960	\$	83,711,220	\$	83,842,4

3.3.3 Wastewater Utility CIP and CIP Financing

Tables 24 and 25 on the following two pages indicate the wastewater capital improvements program ("CIP") provided by the City and the CIP financing plan. As the plan we received from the City was presented in current year dollars, we escalated the project amounts 3% per year from FY 2015 onward. The largest capital projects relate to rehabilitation of the City's wastewater treatment plant and pumping stations. In general, the level of spending in the CIP peaks at from \$12 Million in FY 2018 and returns to an average level of around \$8 Million going forward.

Table 25 summarizes the wastewater utility CIP financing plan. While the CIP financing plan used for this report only incorporates cash financing, the City may seek to leverage its revenue stream in the future via the issuance of revenue bonds or other alternative financing instruments. This would be particularly beneficial for major wastewater capital improvements, as it would spread the financing responsibility over existing and future ratepayers who receive the benefit of the improvement throughout the asset's useful life.

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TABLE 25: WASTEWATER CIP FINANCING PLAN

Wastewater Fund/Account	Budget Year FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Beginning CIP Fund Balance												
Beginning Year Construction Fund Balance	\$ 254,334	\$ 24,034	\$ 201,759	\$ 16,579	\$ 764,047	\$ 1,115	\$ 11,115	\$ 100,717	\$ 181,800	\$ 293,257	\$ 272,002	\$ 4,940
Less: Over CIP from Previous Year												
Net Funds Available for Current CIP	\$ 254,334	\$ 24,034	\$ 201,759	\$ 16,579	\$ 764,047	\$ 1,115	\$ 11,115	\$ 100,717	\$ 181,800	\$ 293,257	\$ 272,002	\$ 4,940
Sources of CIP Financing												
Wastewater Project Bonds Issued	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wastewater Commercial Paper Program	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Wastewater Rate Revenue Financing (Detail)	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000
SOC Receipts Used for CIP Financing												
Other Sources of CIP Financing	\$ 1,607,002	\$ 7,307,324	\$ 9,894,722	\$ 12,510,573	\$ 10,254,047	\$ 9,991,155	\$ 7,850,717	\$ 6,081,003	\$ 4,250,357	\$ 6,272,002	\$ 8,506,915	
Uses of CIP Funds												
Total WSC Start Fund	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000
Total Water Pollution Control	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000
Additional Uses												
Total Current Year CIP	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,130,000
Bond Issuance Costs	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Residual of Commercial Paper	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
END USES: Ending CIP Fund Balance												
Ending Balance of CIP Fund	\$ 1,005,075	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037	\$ 2,307,037
Less: Reserve for Contingency	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)	\$ (1,005,075)
Net Available for Contingency	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

3.3.4 Wastewater Cash Flow Forecast

The final step in the development of the wastewater utility financial plan involves the preparation of a comprehensive cash flow forecast. A summary of the wastewater cash flow forecast is presented in Table 26 on the following page. The key components of the forecast are Financial Plan Inputs, Revenues, Expenditures, and Operating Performance.

The Financial Plan Inputs component indicates the forecast rate revenue increases. These increases were determined in consultation with City staff and are designed to:

- Ensure recovery of wastewater utility O&M expenditures
- Provide cash financing for the wastewater capital projects outlined in the CIP
- Minimize risk via the build-up of operating reserves equivalent to 90 days of O&M and Debt Service

The Revenues component indicates the revenue at existing rates discussed previously, non-rate revenue and the additional revenue generated by the rate revenue increases shown in the inputs section. Given the forecast of wastewater demand, O&M and capital expenditures and the 90 Day operating benchmark, the "additional revenue" line represents the amount of revenue needed—above existing rate revenues—to ensure adequate recovery of the wastewater utility's revenue requirement going forward.

The Expenditures component indicates the major sources of expenditures for the City's wastewater utility: O&M expenditures, Capital expenditures (Rate Revenue Financing and Debt Service) and Transfers to the Operating Reserve.

The Operating performance section indicates the year end position of the wastewater utility with respect to a few key factors. Included are the estimated operating reserve balance, the target reserve balance (90 Days of O&M and Debt Service), and the construction fund ending balance.

4. WATER UTILITY COST OF SERVICE STUDY

Following the determination of the water utility financial plan, the next steps are to summarize the water utilities total rate revenue requirement, determine the proportion of that requirement which is attributable to each customer class, and calculate the volumetric and fixed rates.

4.1 WATER REVENUE REQUIREMENT FROM RATES

Table 27 below indicates the level of water utility expenditures which must be recovered from rates in the FY 2015 test year and each year of the forecast period. It is comprised of the forecast water utility O&M and capital expenditures, and is offset by non-rate revenues the water utility is anticipated to receive over the forecast period. The total test year revenue requirement is approximately \$34 Million.

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4.2 WATER REVENUE REQUIREMENTS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

Following the development of the total test year revenue requirement, the proportion of the total revenue requirement allocable to each customer class must be determined. This allocation represents the level of revenues that must be recovered from each customer class, given the operational demands that class places on the water utility system. This allocation is performed via the multi-step process described below.

4.2.1 *O&M Allocation to Function Categories*

The first step in determining revenue requirements by customer class is to allocate the test year O&M revenue requirement to functional categories. These categories are functions that the water utility must perform in order to deliver water service to City customers. For the water utility they are: Administrative and General, Customer Service, Source of Supply, Pumping, Treatment, Storage, Transmission Mains, Distribution Mains, Meters and Services and Hydrants.

The O&M allocations, by department, are shown in Table 28 on the following page.

[illegible]

4.2.2 O&M Allocation to Cost Components

Once O&M costs have been allocated to functional categories, the total O&M revenue requirement allocated to each functional category must be further allocated based on the operational need that function is designed to fulfill. For this allocation RFC has utilized the "Base Extra Capacity" method described in the American Water Works Association ("AWWA") publication, "Manual of Water Supply Practices M1, Principles of Rates, Fees and Charges (M1)."

The cost components utilized in this study are: base demand, or water demand under average conditions; maximum day and hour demand, or water demand under peak load conditions; customer service, for functions related to customer billing and service; and fire protection, for functions pertaining to the use of public hydrants and private fire lines. Table 29 below indicates the classification of water O&M expenditures to the cost components described above.

TABLE 29: WATER O&M ALLOCATION TO COST COMPONENTS

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	Total Allocation	Base Demand				Max Day Extra Capacity		Customer Lines		Fire Protection	
		Base Demand	Max Day Extra Capacity	Max Hour Extra Capacity	Customer Lines	Edwards Meter & Service	500	Private Fire Equivalent Connections	500	Public Fire Hydrant	
Administration and General	\$ 4,444,517	\$ 2,776,753	\$ 4,431,015	\$ 100,458	\$ 1,245,291	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Customer Service	\$ 1,244,690	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,244,690	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Source of Supply	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Pumping	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Treatment	\$ 7,060,319	\$ 2,717,572	\$ 4,332,747	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Storage	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Transmission Mains	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Distribution Mains	\$ 5,805,440	\$ 1,208,513	\$ 3,222,825	\$ 814,724	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Meters and Services	\$ 532,281	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 532,281	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hydrants	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 21,883,841	\$ 6,776,137	\$ 10,936,846	\$ 875,187	\$ 3,022,461	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

4.2.3 Capital Cost Allocation to Functional Components

Similar to the allocation of the O&M revenue requirement described in the previous section, the capital revenue requirement must be allocated to functional categories. Table 30 on the following page indicates the functional allocation of capital costs.

The basis for the allocation of capital costs was the existing level of water utility investment in fixed assets. The existing net book value of each major asset class was allocated to the functional categories. The total capital revenue requirement, approximately 14 Million in the test year, was then allocated according to the proportion of existing investment in each functional category. As indicated, a large proportion of investment in fixed assets pertains to upgrades to the City's water treatment plant. As such, the majority of the capital revenue requirement (68%) has been allocated to the treatment function.

TABLE 30: WATER CAPITAL ALLOCATION TO FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES

Allocation of Capital Costs to Functional Categories										
	Total	Administrative and General	Customer Service	Source of Supply	Pumping	Treatment	Sewage	Transmission Mains	Distribution Mains	Storage and Hydrants
Breakdown of Fixed Assets by Functional Category										
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 15,850,048	\$ 2,215,000	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 1,317,500	\$ 95,010	\$ 9,428,103	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 0.00%	\$ 2,643,627	\$ 2,091,000
Allocation of Water Fixed Assets by Functional Categories										
	Net Book Value	Administrative and General	Customer Service	Source of Supply	Pumping	Treatment	Sewage	Transmission Mains	Distribution Mains	Storage and Hydrants
10 Land	\$ 724,317	\$ 17,000	\$ 0	\$ 601,547	\$ 4,385	\$ 14,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 5,000	\$ 0
12 Construction-Programs	\$ 755,091	\$ 1,010	\$ 0	\$ 71,592	\$ 3,607	\$ 510,782	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 145,648	\$ 307
20 General Equipment	\$ 180,000	\$ 425	\$ 0	\$ 10,820	\$ 0	\$ 135,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 35,205	\$ 81
21 Building Improvements	\$ 3,404,002	\$ 7,149	\$ 0	\$ 330,001	\$ 18,537	\$ 2,268,449	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 657,338	\$ 1,400
23 Dist. Plant - Hydrants	\$ 30,850	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 15,450
24 Dist. Plant - Water Mains	\$ 7,175,635	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 7,175,635	\$ 0
25 Dist. Plant - Meters	\$ 849,348	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 849,348
26 Dist. - Street & Kitchen	\$ 229,692	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 229,692
27 Lab Equip	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
28 Office Equip & Furn	\$ 12,823	\$ 12,823	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
29 Other improved equip	\$ 4,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
31 Pump Plant (Electric Pump Equip)	\$ 120,281	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 120,281	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
32 Pump Plant - Spec. & Imp	\$ 100,514	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 100,514	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
33 Source of Supplies - Main Pipe (Line)	\$ 2,475,415	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,475,415	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
34 Source of Water Supplies - Structure	\$ 783,942	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 783,942	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
35 Trunk L. Cans. & Garage Bldg	\$ 3,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
36 Vehicle	\$ 249,253	\$ 749	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
37 Treatment - Shock & Insp	\$ 204,545	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
38 Treatment Plant Equip	\$ 115,982	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
LOWRLE Phase 1/500 1' (old)	\$ 3,020,520	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 13,992	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
LOWRLE Phase 1/500 2' (old)	\$ 300,011	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,970,209	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
LOWRLE Phase 1/500 3' (old)	\$ 4,300,500	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 4,300,500	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
LOWRLE Phase 1/500 4' (old)	\$ 7,979,420	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 7,979,420	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
LOWRLE Phase 1/500 5' (old)	\$ 8,065,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 8,065,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Water Fixed Assets	\$ 15,850,048	\$ 17,040	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 1,317,500	\$ 2,603,343	\$ 9,428,103	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 0.00%	\$ 2,643,627	\$ 2,091,000
% Breakdown	100.00%	0.11%	0.05%	8.25%	0.48%	92.29%	0.00%	0.00%	16.28%	0.04%

4.2.4 Capital Cost Allocation to Cost Components

As with the allocation of the O&M revenue requirement described above, the functionally allocated capital revenue requirement must also be allocated according to the operational need for which each function is designed to fulfill.

The "Base Extra Capacity" method described in AWWA M1 is also used to allocate the capital revenue requirement to cost components. Table 31 below summarizes this allocation.

TABLE 31: WATER CAPITAL ALLOCATION TO COST COMPONENTS

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	Total \$ Allocation	S. Applications			Customer Units Exposed Meters & Paved IDs	Fire Protection	
		Base Demand	Max Day Entire Capacity	Max Hour Entire Capacity		Private Fire Equipment Connections IDs	Public Fire Hydrants
Administration and General	25,511	-	-	-	25,511	-	-
Customer Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Source of Supply	4,812,655	1,217,405	-	-	-	-	-
Pumping	89,010	25,441	49,161	-	-	-	-
Treatment	9,756,104	3,045,667	5,813,497	-	-	-	-
Storage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transmission Mains	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Distribution Mains	2,953,431	887,446	3,415,051	360,000	-	-	-
Meters and Servitors	300,678	-	-	-	300,678	-	-
Hydrants	5,513	5,513	-	-	-	-	-
Total Capital Requirements	13,830,548	5,062,205	7,298,758	360,000	319,569	-	-

4.2.5 Non-Rate Revenue Allocation to Cost Components

Non-rate revenue must be excluded from the O&M and Capital revenue requirements as these amounts are an offset to the revenue requirement which will be recovered from rates. Consequently, non-rate revenues are allocated to the cost components so that they can be removed from the total revenue requirement. In this case, non-rate revenues were allocated proportionally according to the total O&M revenue requirement allocation and can be seen in Table 32 on the below.

TABLE 32: WATER NON-RATE REVENUE ALLOCATION TO COST COMPONENTS

ALPAC Account Code	Description	Total & Adjustment	S Allocation		Max Hold Units	Current Limit Equivalent Weight & Balance	Page	Fee Frequency		Paid Fee Program
			Basic Demand	Max. Dis Costs Covered				Persec Fee	Appl. and Conversion	
001-001-100-010-000	Agency Building & Repair	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Charges For Sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Compt Sales	5,000	1,578	2,500	104	104	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Comp - Ind - On File - Agency	120,000	37,681	60,000	6,000	6,000	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Formed Document - Other	230,000	115,427	175,000	14,250	14,250	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Formed Document On Black Copy	27,714	8,618	17,000	1,100	1,100	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Formed - Gov Property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Sale of Items/Assets	25,800	7,980	12,500	1,000	1,000	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Document Formed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Form Fee Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Form White Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Form Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Form - Gov Property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Microfilm & other Charge Sales	150,000	47,300	10,000	8,000	8,000	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Charges For Sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Microfilm & other Charge Sales	250,000	77,700	110,000	8,000	8,000	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Form - White Sales - Utility	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Charges For Sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Form Sales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Other Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
001-001-100-010-000	Document Formed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Totals, as per General Fund			910,000	280,000	60,000	60,000	-	-	-	-
Total Net State Revenue			910,000	280,000	60,000	60,000	-	-	-	-

4.2.6 Determination of Maximum Day and Hour Peaking Factors

Once each component of the revenue requirements has been determined, maximum day and hour peaking factors for each customer class are estimated. These are the basis upon which the maximum day and hour cost allocations, determined in the previous step, are allocated to each customer class. In general, the guidelines for determining maximum day and hour peaking factors outlined in AWWA M1 were the basis for this component of the analysis.

The maximum day demand for each customer class is estimated as the average usage per day in the highest usage month, divided by the annual average usage per day, weighted by the ratio of maximum day demand to the average demand in the maximum month for the entire water system. In other words:

- $\text{System Max Day to Average Day in Max Month} = (\text{System Max Day Demand}) / (\text{System Max Month} / 30)$
- $\text{Class Maximum Day} = [(\text{Class Max Month} / 30) / (\text{Class Annual Total} / 365)] * (\text{System Max Day to Average Day in Max Month})$

The weighting occurs because the exact maximum day, by customer class is not known, but is assumed to have the same relationship to the average day in the maximum month as the entire system. As the exact customer class maximum hour is not known, a similar weighting process occurs to determine the customer class maximum hour demands:

- $\text{System Max Hour to Average Day in Max Month} = (\text{System Max Hour}) / (\text{System Max Month} / 30)$
- $\text{Class Maximum Hour} = \text{Class Max Day} * \text{System Max Hour to Average Day in Max Month}$

The determination of customer class peaking factors is shown in Table 33 on the below:

TABLE 33: WATER PEAKING FACTOR CALCULATIONS

System Production Schedule											
	System Annual Total	System Annual Average Day	System Max Day	System Average Day In Max Month	System Max Day In Max Month	System Max Day In Average Day	System Max Day In MM	System Max Hour Peak	System Max Hour	System Max Hour In MM	System Max Hour In Average Day
Total System	1,055,892	5,850	428,415	14,214	34,777	1.43	1.71	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Determination of Customer Class Peaking Factors											
Customer Class	Annual Total	Max Day	Annual Average Day	Max Day In Max Month	Max Day In Average Day	System Max Day In Average Day	System Max Hour Peak	System Max Hour	System Max Hour In MM	System Max Hour In Average Day	System Max Hour In Average Day
INSIDE CITY RETAIL											
Total Inside City Residential	1,055,892	33,002	1,325	3,568	1.44	1.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	6,576,978	115,257	6,546	4,328	1.54	1.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total Inside City Lawn	13,389	5,709	770	37	4.64	1.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total Inside City	1,082,269	153,438	18,641	8,933	1.50	1.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
OUTSIDE CITY RETAIL											
Total Outside City Residential	8,630	1,215	41	34	1.71	1.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	27,843	4,257	141	77	1.85	1.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total Outside City Lawn	28,873	1,364	182	100	1.62	1.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total Outside City	1,082,269	42,415	14,214	8,933	1.43						

4.2.7 Calculation of Units of Service

The next step in the cost allocation process is to summarize the units of service, which are the basis for the allocation of the total revenue requirement to each of the customer classes. The units are Base Units, Maximum Day Extra Capacity units, Maximum Hour Extra Capacity units, Customer Units and Direct Fire Protection Units and are indicated in Table 34 on the following page.

Base Units are the annual usage for each customer class. Maximum Day Extra Capacity units represent the water demand in excess of that which is used on an average day for that customer class, and is a function of the average daily usage and the customer class peaking factor determined in the prior step.

As an example, the residential class is forecast to use 1.7 Million CCF on an annual basis in the test year. This equates to 4,700 CCF/day on an average day. Based on the maximum day peaking factor determined in the previous step, Residential customers, on their highest usage day of the year, typically use 1.7 times their average day usage, or around 8,200 CCF. The difference between the maximum day and average day, around 3,500 CCF, represents the Maximum Day Extra Capacity units.

A similar calculation is used to determine the Maximum Hour Extra Capacity Units, which are simply the usage forecast in the highest hour of the test year, less the maximum day demand.

Customer Units are equivalent meters, and customer monthly bills. The number of bills for each customer class was ascertained via an examination of the billing data from the City's Customer Information System ("CIS"). The equivalent meters are the number of customer meters at each meter size weighted by the potential water demand each meter can place on the water system.

Private fire connections and hydrants were not included as the City does not currently bill separately for public or private fire protection.

TABLE 34: WATER UNITS OF SERVICE

Water Units of Service	Forecast Annual Demand CFE	Base Units Forecast	Maximum Dry Weather Capacity Limit		Maximum Hourly Capacity Limit		Customer Name	Direct Line Connection		
			Capacity (MGD)	Extra Capacity	Capacity (MGD)	Extra Capacity		Equivalent Meters & Services	MGD	
WESTBROOK CLASS										
INSIDE CITY RETAIL CONSUMPTION REVENUE										
Total Inside City Residential	6,745,575	8,783	12.063	7,281	4.5%	23,624	1,100	125,624	301,317	
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	1,464,239	4,006	10,032	8,668	2.24%	71,317	10,305	9,918	15,218	
Total Inside City Lawn	12,585	34	813	265	0.003%	546	368	113	505	
Total Inside City	3,042,399	0.083	23,108	14,922	6.74%	65,487	22,113	14,650	317,032	
GRAFTON CITY RETAIL CONSUMPTION REVENUE										
Total Grafton City Residential	8,112	20	67	44	0.05%	950	52	129	1,900	
Total Grafton City Commercial/Industrial	26,256	72	273	851	0.33%	455	229	168	617	
Total Grafton City Lawn	34,377	94	360	208	0.007%	582	855	256	1,578	
Total Grafton City Units of Service	276,733	1.87	2,000	1,503	0.38%	2,187	27,071	27,071	3,096	

4.2.8 Unit Cost of Service

Following the allocation of the water revenue requirements to each of the cost components and the calculation of the units of service, a unit cost of service for each cost component can be determined. These unit costs are basis by which the revenue requirements by customer class are determined. The unit cost of service is the revenue requirement, as allocated to the cost components, divided by the units of service attributable to that component and is shown in Table 35 below.

TABLE 35: WATER UNIT COST OF SERVICE

Water Unit of Service									
COST CENTER CLASS	Revenue (Thousands \$/Year)	M&S Unit \$/CCF	M&T Unit \$/CCF	Customer Units		Revenue Provision			Public Re- quirements
				Base Demand (CCF/Year)	\$/CCF	Base Demand \$/Year	Extra Capacity \$/Year	Public Re- quirements \$/Year	
Total Water City	\$ 242,961	\$ 1.107	\$ 2.112	\$ 1,911		\$ 1,702			
Total Customer City	\$ 242,961								
Customer Base Demand (CCF/Year)	\$ 2,071,731	\$ 1.238	\$ 2.387	\$ 1,702		\$ 1,702			

Water Unit of Service									
REVENUE REQUIREMENT	Revenue (Thousands \$/Year)	M&S Unit \$/CCF	M&T Unit \$/CCF	Customer Units		Revenue Provision			Public Re- quirements
				Base Demand (CCF/Year)	\$/CCF	Base Demand \$/Year	Extra Capacity \$/Year	Public Re- quirements \$/Year	
Total Operation and Maintenance Requirements Unit Cost	\$ 1,177,141	\$ 0.773	\$ 1,049,428	\$ 1,371		\$ 1,025,802			
Total Capital Expenditures (M) Cost	\$ 1,983,347	\$ 1,043,242	\$ 1,244,754	\$ 1,000		\$ 1,000,000			
Total Non-Rate Revenue Unit Cost	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000		\$ 1,000,000			
Total System Revenue Requirements Total System Revenue	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000		\$ 1,000,000			

For example, total base demand units are 3.2 Million CCF. This means that the O&M, Capital and Non-Rate Revenue Requirements cost \$2.07, \$1.80 and \$(.09) per unit of base water demand. The total unit cost to serve base water demand is \$3.78/CCF. The calculation is repeated for each cost component to determine the overall unit cost to serve base demand, extra capacity demand (max day and hour) and provide customer service.

4.2.9 Revenue Requirements by Customer Class

The customer class revenue requirements are the basis for establishing alternative rates by customer class. The City's existing rate structure does not include distinct rates by customer class. At this time the City will not be implementing any rate structure changes. However, the distinct class revenue requirements are shown in Table 36 below and are the basis for the alternative rates by customer class presented as Appendix A.

TABLE 36: WATER REVENUE REQUIREMENTS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

CUSTOMER CLASS	Water Unit of Service		Max. Daily Flow Capacity	Max. Hourly Flow Capacity	Desired Unit of Service		Water Revenue Requirement		Water Revenue Requirement	
	Rate Demand Unit	Cost			By Volume Meters & Services	By Rate	By Volume Meters & Services	By Rate	By Volume Meters & Services	By Rate
Total System Revenue Requirement	\$ 34,400,875	\$ 12,372,288	\$ 17,818,021	\$ 1,108,152	\$	\$	\$ 3,214,218	\$	\$	\$
Total System Unit Cost	\$	\$ 3.75	\$ 1,296.74	\$ 2.50	\$	\$	\$ 91.57	\$	\$	\$
Units of Service										
Total Inside City (Residential)		17,17,525	7,280	41,490	25,021	201,311				
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial		1,444,239	5,880	80,380	4,508	15,210				
Total Inside City Lawn		12,568	245	288	138	552				
Total Inside City		18,632,332	13,365	122,158	29,667	217,073				
Total Outside City Residential		8,112	34	60	120	1,300				
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial		20,285	191	222	155	417				
Total Outside City Lawn		-	-	-	-	-				
Total Outside City		34,379	525	282	275	1,717				
Total System Units of Service		18,666,711	13,890	122,440	30,000	218,790				
Allocated Cost of Service										
Total Inside City Residential COS	\$ 12,345,872	\$ 5,542,770	\$ 8,780,140	\$ 817,000	\$	\$ 3,355,365	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 15,203,704	\$ 5,804,180	\$ 8,284,311	\$ 555,585	\$	\$ 10,020	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Inside City Lawn COS	\$ 870,848	\$ 4,521	\$ 201,085	\$ 14,225	\$	\$ 12,714	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Inside City COS	\$ 13,290,424	\$ 11,347,471	\$ 17,265,536	\$ 1,186,810	\$	\$ 3,480,099	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Outside City Residential COS	\$ 39,483	\$ 50,520	\$ 30,840	\$ 3,300	\$	\$ 11,820	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 21,399	\$ 22,177	\$ 191,953	\$ 11,821	\$	\$ 15,281	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Outside City Lawn COS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total Outside City COS	\$ 40,882	\$ 72,697	\$ 240,793	\$ 15,121	\$	\$ 27,101	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total System Cost of Service	\$ 34,400,875	\$ 12,372,288	\$ 17,818,021	\$ 1,108,152	\$	\$ 3,214,218	\$	\$	\$	\$
Change in Total System COS (Should be \$0)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

As Table 36 indicates, the revenue requirement for each customer class is the total unit cost of service determined previously, multiplied by the units of service for each customer class. The total allocation is based on each customer class's contribution to the water utility's overall operating and capital costs, as represented by their units of service.

4.3 WATER RATE DESIGN

As mentioned previously, the water rates have been calculated under the City's existing rate structure. The rate calculation under existing rates will be presented here, with the alternative rates by customer class presented as Appendix A for informational purposes.

4.3.1 Volumetric Rate Calculations

As mentioned above, the City did not indicate a desire to significantly modify its water rate structure at this time. Therefore RFC maintained various components of the existing water volumetric rates including:

- The existing inside/outside city differential (i.e. outside=150% of inside)
- The existing steepness or difference between the highest, middle and lowest block rates
- The existing structure which charges the same volumetric rates for all customer classes
- The existing shift of some volumetric costs to the fixed service charge (i.e. a readiness to serve adjustment)

The calculation of the water volumetric rates involves the following steps:

- Determine total composite volumetric revenue requirement:
 - Adjust the test-year volumetric revenue requirement (i.e. Base, Max Day and Max Hour costs) by the readiness to serve amount
 - Allocate the adjusted volumetric revenue requirement to the three consumption blocks
 - Add the block allocation for inside and outside city customers to determine a composite volumetric revenue requirement for all customer classes
- Determine the composite water volumetric units:
 - Multiply the consumption, by block, for inside and outside city customers, by their respective differentials (Outside=150% of Inside).
 - Add those units together.
- Calculate Inside and Outside City Volumetric Rates:
 - Determine a composite rate, for each block, for all customer classes:
 - Multiply the composite consumption for each block by the proposed steepness for that block and sum the result
 - For the lowest block divide the total composite revenue requirement by the total determined above.
 - For Blocks 2 and 3 multiply the Block 1 rate by the proposed steepness for Blocks 2 and 3.
 - Multiply the composite rates, by block determined above, by the outside and inside city differentials to determine the block rates for inside and outside city customers.

A summary of the water volumetric rate calculations are indicated in Table 37 below.

[illegible]

4.3.2 Fixed Charge Calculations

As noted above, the City did not express a desire to change rate structures at this time. Consequently, the following aspects of the existing rate structure have been maintained including:

- The existing inside/outside city differential (i.e. outside=150% of inside)
- The existing shift of some volumetric costs to the fixed service charge (i.e. a readiness to serve adjustment)
- The flow equivalencies for the various meter sizes

The calculation of the water fixed charges involves the following steps

- Determine total composite fixed charge revenue requirement by summing the fixed charge revenue requirements (i.e. those allocated to the customer service related cost components) and the readiness to serve revenue requirement
- Determine the composite fixed charge water units:
 - Multiply the number of inside and outside city equivalent accounts by the existing I/O differential (Outside=150% of Inside)
 - Add those units together to determine the composite number of equivalent customer accounts
- Calculate Inside and Outside City Volumetric Rates:
 - Determine an annual composite rate for all customer classes by dividing the total composite revenue requirement determined above, by the total composite water equivalent accounts
 - Determine a monthly rate for the 5/8" equivalent account by dividing the annual rate by 12
 - Multiply the composite fixed charges by the Inside and Outside City differentials (100% for Inside City and 150% for Outside City) to determine the monthly fixed charge per 5/8" equivalent account for inside and outside city customer classes.
 - Multiply the monthly fixed charge for a 5/8" equivalent account by the meter equivalencies for each meter size to determine the monthly fixed charge for the remaining meter sizes.

The fixed charge calculations are shown in Table 38 on the following page.

TABLE 38: WATER FIXED CHARGE CALCULATIONS

CHARGE	Total Annual Requirements By Charge	Composite Revenue Requirements	Equivalent Accounts	Total Year's Difference: Inside City	Total Year's Adjusted Equivalent Accounts	Total Year's Composite Equivalent Accounts	Monthly Fixed Charge Per Unit Equivalent
Total Inside City Residential	\$ 7,083,524	\$ 7,094,039	25,521	1.00	25,521	25,521	\$ 27.80
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	\$ 2,431,905	\$ 2,538,122	9,048	1.00	9,048	9,048	\$ 28.16
	\$ 9,515,429	\$ 9,632,161	34,569		34,569	34,569	
Total Outside City Residential	\$ 35,433		125	1.50	188		\$ 34.58
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	\$ 45,813		188	1.50	282		\$ 35.12
	\$ 81,246		313		470		

CUSTOMER CLASS	Inside City: Meter Requirements	Outside City: Meter Requirements	Proposed Fixed Charge: INSIDE CITY	Existing Fixed Charge: INSIDE CITY	Difference	Proposed Fixed Charge: OUTSIDE CITY	Existing Fixed Charge: OUTSIDE CITY	Difference
Residential Customers								
1/4"	1.00	0.00	\$ 22.80	\$ 21.78	5%	\$ 34.17	\$ 32.48	5%
1/2"	1.82	1.82	\$ 44.03	\$ 41.95	5%	\$ 62.95	\$ 62.71	0%
3/4"	2.54	2.54	\$ 58.15	\$ 55.28	5%	\$ 87.08	\$ 82.73	5%
1-1/2"	2.54	2.54	\$ 58.15	\$ 55.28	5%	\$ 87.08	\$ 82.73	5%
2"	2.54	2.54	\$ 58.15	\$ 55.28	5%	\$ 87.08	\$ 82.73	5%
Commercial/Industrial Customers								
3/4"	2.40	2.40	\$ 55.78	\$ 53.585	4%	\$ 83.74	\$ 80.12	4%
1"	2.81	2.81	\$ 64.02	\$ 61.263	4%	\$ 95.84	\$ 91.72	4%
1 1/2"	3.43	3.43	\$ 78.48	\$ 75.103	4%	\$ 117.24	\$ 112.67	4%
1-1/2"	4.35	4.35	\$ 102.60	\$ 97.756	4%	\$ 145.06	\$ 138.79	4%
2"	5.30	5.30	\$ 127.40	\$ 120.622	4%	\$ 188.28	\$ 180.09	4%
3"	12.55	12.55	\$ 290.83	\$ 287.444	4%	\$ 488.05	\$ 468.47	4%
4"	24.04	24.04	\$ 567.68	\$ 551.636	4%	\$ 970.71	\$ 935.37	4%
6"	47.27	47.27	\$ 1,075.75	\$ 1,029.429	4%	\$ 1,813.31	\$ 1,743.87	4%
8"	88.95	88.95	\$ 1,950.09	\$ 1,862.875	4%	\$ 3,340.74	\$ 3,209.47	4%
10"	94.63	94.63	\$ 2,183.48	\$ 2,060.754	4%	\$ 3,747.30	\$ 3,597.48	4%
12"	114.45	114.45	\$ 2,905.31	\$ 2,783.124	4%	\$ 5,097.77	\$ 4,739.91	4%
18"	142.45	142.45	\$ 3,712.25	\$ 3,572.236	4%	\$ 6,363.28	\$ 6,053.87	4%
20"	183.89	183.89	\$ 3,801.98	\$ 3,651.183	4%	\$ 7,769.67	\$ 7,483.92	4%

4.3.3 Summary of Existing and Forecast Water Rates

Based on the calculations from the previous two sections, the existing and proposed rates for the forecast period are shown on Tables 39 and 40 on the following two pages. Note that while the test year rates have been calculated within the cost of service study, the rates for FY 2016 and beyond are based on the overall rate revenue increase from the water utility financial plan.

TABLE 39: SUMMARY OF EXISTING AND FORECAST VOLUMETRIC WATER RATES

Water Volumetric Rates																										
CUSTOMER CLASS	COMBINATION BLOCK	UNITS	FY 2014		FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017		FY 2018		FY 2019		FY 2020		FY 2021		FY 2022		FY 2023		FY 2024		FY 2025	
			Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates	Existing Block Rates	Proposed Block Rates
Total Inside City All Classes																										
Inside City Block 1	0-25 CCF	(MCCF)	\$	7.52	\$	7.92	\$	8.32	\$	8.72	\$	9.12	\$	9.52	\$	9.92	\$	10.32	\$	10.72	\$	11.12	\$	11.52	\$	11.92
Inside City Block 2	26-500 CCF	(MCCF)	\$	7.31	\$	7.60	\$	7.90	\$	8.20	\$	8.50	\$	8.80	\$	9.10	\$	9.40	\$	9.70	\$	10.00	\$	10.30	\$	10.60
Inside City Block 3	500+ CCF	(MCCF)	\$	5.79	\$	6.09	\$	6.40	\$	6.70	\$	7.00	\$	7.30	\$	7.60	\$	7.90	\$	8.20	\$	8.50	\$	8.80	\$	9.10
Total Outside City All Classes																										
Outside City Block 1	0-25 CCF	(MCCF)	\$	11.26	\$	11.66	\$	12.06	\$	12.46	\$	12.86	\$	13.26	\$	13.66	\$	14.06	\$	14.46	\$	14.86	\$	15.26	\$	15.66
Outside City Block 2	26-500 CCF	(MCCF)	\$	10.77	\$	11.07	\$	11.37	\$	11.67	\$	11.97	\$	12.27	\$	12.57	\$	12.87	\$	13.17	\$	13.47	\$	13.77	\$	14.07
Outside City Block 3	500+ CCF	(MCCF)	\$	8.68	\$	8.98	\$	9.28	\$	9.58	\$	9.88	\$	10.18	\$	10.48	\$	10.78	\$	11.08	\$	11.38	\$	11.68	\$	11.98

TABLE 40: SUMMARY OF EXISTING AND FORECAST WATER FIXED CHARGES

Water Fixed Charges																		
Year / Fixed Charge	FY 2014		FY 2015		FY 2016		FY 2017		FY 2018		FY 2019		FY 2020		FY 2021		FY 2022	
	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed
UNIMATED CHARGES																		
Inside City Residential Customers																		
5/8"	21.76	22.90	24.05	25.13	25.55	26.63	27.05	27.47	27.89	28.31	28.73	29.15	29.57	30.00	30.42	30.84	31.26	31.68
3/4"	41.66	44.01	46.23	48.31	49.76	51.25	52.70	54.19	55.68	57.16	58.65	60.13	61.61	63.09	64.57	66.05	67.53	69.01
1"	55.28	58.86	61.05	63.00	65.72	68.43	71.14	73.85	76.56	79.27	81.98	84.69	87.40	90.11	92.82	95.53	98.24	100.95
1 1/2"	66.28	71.95	74.06	76.00	78.72	81.43	84.14	86.85	89.56	92.27	94.98	97.69	100.40	103.11	105.82	108.53	111.24	113.95
2"	85.08	94.86	99.08	103.00	106.72	110.43	114.14	117.85	121.56	125.27	128.98	132.69	136.40	140.11	143.82	147.53	151.24	154.95
Inside City Residential Customers																		
5/8"	53.31	55.79	58.00	60.14	62.05	63.94	65.83	67.72	69.61	71.50	73.39	75.28	77.17	79.06	80.95	82.84	84.73	86.62
3/4"	61.26	64.02	66.55	68.95	71.25	73.55	75.85	78.15	80.45	82.75	85.05	87.35	89.65	91.95	94.25	96.55	98.85	101.15
1"	75.46	79.48	82.41	85.34	88.27	91.19	94.12	97.05	100.00	102.95	105.90	108.85	111.80	114.75	117.70	120.65	123.60	126.55
1 1/2"	107.76	113.90	119.23	124.56	129.89	135.22	140.55	145.88	151.21	156.54	161.87	167.20	172.53	177.86	183.19	188.52	193.85	199.18
2"	139.52	147.03	154.54	162.05	169.56	177.07	184.58	192.09	199.60	207.11	214.62	222.13	229.64	237.15	244.66	252.17	259.68	267.19
4"	207.05	216.03	225.01	233.99	242.97	251.95	260.93	269.91	278.89	287.87	296.85	305.83	314.81	323.79	332.77	341.75	350.73	359.71
6"	252.50	263.05	273.60	284.15	294.70	305.25	315.80	326.35	336.90	347.45	358.00	368.55	379.10	389.65	400.20	410.75	421.30	431.85
8"	309.43	321.75	334.07	346.39	358.71	371.03	383.35	395.67	407.99	420.31	432.63	444.95	457.27	469.59	481.91	494.23	506.55	518.87
10"	366.36	380.05	393.74	407.43	421.12	434.81	448.50	462.19	475.88	489.57	503.26	516.95	530.64	544.33	558.02	571.71	585.40	599.09
12"	423.29	438.35	453.41	468.47	483.53	498.59	513.65	528.71	543.77	558.83	573.89	588.95	604.01	619.07	634.13	649.19	664.25	679.31
14"	480.22	496.35	512.48	528.61	544.74	560.87	576.99	593.12	609.25	625.38	641.51	657.64	673.77	689.90	706.03	722.16	738.29	754.42
16"	537.15	554.38	571.61	588.84	606.07	623.30	640.53	657.76	674.99	692.22	709.45	726.68	743.91	761.14	778.37	795.60	812.83	830.06
20"	654.08	672.41	690.74	709.07	727.40	745.73	764.06	782.39	800.72	819.05	837.38	855.71	874.04	892.37	910.70	929.03	947.36	965.69
Outside City Residential Customers																		
5/8"	32.68	34.13	35.57	37.01	38.45	39.89	41.33	42.77	44.21	45.65	47.09	48.53	49.97	51.41	52.85	54.29	55.73	57.17
3/4"	52.71	55.95	59.19	62.43	65.67	68.91	72.15	75.39	78.63	81.87	85.11	88.35	91.59	94.83	98.07	101.31	104.55	107.79
1"	62.29	66.00	69.71	73.42	77.13	80.84	84.55	88.26	91.97	95.68	99.39	103.10	106.81	110.52	114.23	117.94	121.65	125.36
1 1/2"	82.74	87.09	91.43	95.78	100.12	104.46	108.80	113.14	117.48	121.82	126.16	130.50	134.84	139.18	143.52	147.86	152.20	156.54
Outside City Residential Customers																		
5/8"	80.33	83.24	86.15	89.06	91.97	94.88	97.79	100.70	103.61	106.52	109.43	112.34	115.25	118.16	121.07	123.98	126.89	129.80
3/4"	94.22	98.56	102.90	107.24	111.58	115.92	120.26	124.60	128.94	133.28	137.62	141.96	146.30	150.64	154.98	159.32	163.66	167.99
1"	112.67	117.71	122.85	127.99	133.13	138.27	143.41	148.55	153.69	158.83	163.97	169.11	174.25	179.39	184.53	189.67	194.81	199.95
1 1/2"	154.79	161.00	167.21	173.42	179.63	185.84	192.05	198.26	204.47	210.68	216.89	223.10	229.31	235.52	241.73	247.94	254.15	260.36
2"	226.10	235.28	244.46	253.64	262.82	272.00	281.18	290.36	299.54	308.72	317.90	327.08	336.26	345.44	354.62	363.80	372.98	382.16
4"	404.47	420.60	436.73	452.86	468.99	485.12	501.25	517.38	533.51	549.64	565.77	581.90	598.03	614.16	630.29	646.42	662.55	678.68
6"	485.97	504.71	523.45	542.19	560.93	579.67	598.41	617.15	635.89	654.63	673.37	692.11	710.85	729.59	748.33	767.07	785.81	804.55
8"	567.47	588.21	608.95	629.69	650.43	671.17	691.91	712.65	733.39	754.13	774.87	795.61	816.35	837.09	857.83	878.57	899.31	920.05
10"	648.97	671.71	694.45	717.19	739.93	762.67	785.41	808.15	830.89	853.63	876.37	899.11	921.85	944.59	967.33	990.07	1012.81	1035.55
12"	730.47	755.21	779.95	804.69	829.43	854.17	878.91	903.65	928.39	953.13	977.87	1002.61	1027.35	1052.09	1076.83	1101.57	1126.31	1151.05
14"	811.97	838.71	865.45	892.19	918.93	945.67	972.41	999.15	1025.89	1052.63	1079.37	1106.11	1132.85	1159.59	1186.33	1213.07	1239.81	1266.55
16"	893.47	921.71	950.00	978.29	1006.58	1034.87	1063.16	1091.45	1119.74	1148.03	1176.32	1204.61	1232.90	1261.19	1289.48	1317.77	1346.06	1374.35
20"	1056.47	1087.71	1118.95	1150.19	1181.43	1212.67	1243.91	1275.15	1306.39	1337.63	1368.87	1400.11	1431.35	1462.59	1493.83	1525.07	1556.31	1587.55

4.3.4 Projected Residential Water Bills

Table 41 below indicates projected water bills for Residential Inside City customers with a 5/8" meter. Also included are estimates of the bills, which residential customer may have seen, had the City continued to purchase water from DWSD. For example, had the City continued to purchase water from DWSD, a typical Flint customer using 5 CCF per month would have an estimated water bill in FY 2015 of \$67.38. Given the shift to KWA, that same customer would see a bill of \$62.51, a savings of \$4.87 per month, or \$58.44 per year.

TABLE 41: PROJECTED RESIDENTIAL WATER BILLS

ESTIMATED MONTHLY SAVINGS (DWSD vs. KWA)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Monthly Usage (CCF)												
1	\$ -	\$ (2.42)	\$ (5.37)	\$ (6.80)	\$ (6.58)	\$ (6.15)	\$ (8.31)	\$ (6.85)	\$ (7.00)	\$ (7.57)	\$ (7.75)	\$ (7.80)
2	\$ -	\$ (3.04)	\$ (6.34)	\$ (7.38)	\$ (7.60)	\$ (7.72)	\$ (7.61)	\$ (8.34)	\$ (8.70)	\$ (9.38)	\$ (9.75)	\$ (9.92)
3	\$ -	\$ (3.65)	\$ (6.11)	\$ (8.78)	\$ (9.02)	\$ (9.29)	\$ (8.02)	\$ (10.04)	\$ (10.57)	\$ (11.13)	\$ (11.70)	\$ (11.83)
4	\$ -	\$ (4.25)	\$ (6.47)	\$ (10.23)	\$ (10.54)	\$ (10.86)	\$ (11.13)	\$ (11.73)	\$ (12.36)	\$ (13.03)	\$ (13.68)	\$ (13.85)
5	\$ -	\$ (4.87)	\$ (10.04)	\$ (11.75)	\$ (12.04)	\$ (12.43)	\$ (12.74)	\$ (13.43)	\$ (14.14)	\$ (14.88)	\$ (15.63)	\$ (15.88)
6	\$ -	\$ (5.48)	\$ (12.29)	\$ (13.10)	\$ (13.35)	\$ (13.93)	\$ (14.34)	\$ (15.12)	\$ (15.83)	\$ (16.78)	\$ (17.63)	\$ (17.85)
7	\$ -	\$ (6.09)	\$ (13.56)	\$ (14.67)	\$ (15.14)	\$ (15.56)	\$ (16.93)	\$ (16.81)	\$ (17.71)	\$ (18.64)	\$ (19.60)	\$ (19.69)
8	\$ -	\$ (6.71)	\$ (14.84)	\$ (16.14)	\$ (16.43)	\$ (17.12)	\$ (17.56)	\$ (18.51)	\$ (19.50)	\$ (20.52)	\$ (21.58)	\$ (22.01)
9	\$ -	\$ (7.32)	\$ (16.21)	\$ (17.62)	\$ (18.15)	\$ (18.69)	\$ (19.18)	\$ (20.29)	\$ (21.38)	\$ (22.40)	\$ (23.68)	\$ (24.03)
10	\$ -	\$ (7.93)	\$ (17.60)	\$ (19.10)	\$ (19.67)	\$ (20.35)	\$ (20.77)	\$ (21.90)	\$ (23.07)	\$ (24.25)	\$ (25.53)	\$ (26.04)
RATE IMPACT \$/ft ³ Customer (KWA Version)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Monthly Usage (CCF)												
1	\$ 29.29	\$ 30.02	\$ 32.57	\$ 33.82	\$ 34.94	\$ 35.68	\$ 36.79	\$ 37.52	\$ 38.27	\$ 39.03	\$ 39.81	\$ 40.51
2	\$ 36.41	\$ 36.75	\$ 40.68	\$ 42.51	\$ 43.79	\$ 45.49	\$ 46.29	\$ 47.16	\$ 48.10	\$ 49.06	\$ 50.04	\$ 51.04
3	\$ 44.33	\$ 45.97	\$ 48.00	\$ 51.23	\$ 53.74	\$ 54.32	\$ 55.68	\$ 58.80	\$ 57.93	\$ 59.09	\$ 60.27	\$ 61.48
4	\$ 51.85	\$ 54.59	\$ 57.32	\$ 59.90	\$ 61.69	\$ 63.35	\$ 65.13	\$ 68.44	\$ 67.77	\$ 69.32	\$ 70.50	\$ 71.81
5	\$ 59.37	\$ 62.51	\$ 65.54	\$ 68.58	\$ 70.85	\$ 72.77	\$ 74.59	\$ 76.08	\$ 77.80	\$ 79.15	\$ 80.76	\$ 82.38
6	\$ 66.88	\$ 70.43	\$ 73.95	\$ 77.80	\$ 79.80	\$ 81.99	\$ 84.40	\$ 85.72	\$ 87.43	\$ 89.18	\$ 90.88	\$ 92.78
7	\$ 74.40	\$ 78.25	\$ 82.27	\$ 85.67	\$ 88.56	\$ 91.31	\$ 93.49	\$ 95.36	\$ 97.27	\$ 99.21	\$ 101.20	\$ 103.22
8	\$ 81.92	\$ 86.27	\$ 89.59	\$ 94.66	\$ 97.50	\$ 100.43	\$ 102.64	\$ 105.00	\$ 107.10	\$ 109.24	\$ 111.45	\$ 113.65
9	\$ 89.44	\$ 94.20	\$ 98.91	\$ 103.36	\$ 105.48	\$ 109.56	\$ 112.39	\$ 115.84	\$ 118.03	\$ 119.27	\$ 121.80	\$ 124.60
10	\$ 96.96	\$ 102.12	\$ 107.22	\$ 112.05	\$ 115.41	\$ 118.07	\$ 121.04	\$ 124.28	\$ 126.79	\$ 129.30	\$ 131.89	\$ 134.62
RATE IMPACT \$/ft ³ Customer (DWSD Version)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Monthly Usage (CCF)												
1	\$ 29.29	\$ 32.35	\$ 37.74	\$ 39.52	\$ 40.81	\$ 42.64	\$ 43.68	\$ 44.17	\$ 46.27	\$ 48.40	\$ 47.58	\$ 48.51
2	\$ 36.41	\$ 41.76	\$ 47.42	\$ 49.79	\$ 51.28	\$ 52.83	\$ 54.10	\$ 56.49	\$ 58.09	\$ 59.31	\$ 59.77	\$ 60.98
3	\$ 44.33	\$ 50.31	\$ 57.11	\$ 59.90	\$ 61.70	\$ 63.61	\$ 65.20	\$ 66.63	\$ 68.54	\$ 70.22	\$ 71.97	\$ 73.45
4	\$ 51.85	\$ 58.05	\$ 66.78	\$ 70.13	\$ 72.24	\$ 74.40	\$ 76.20	\$ 78.17	\$ 80.43	\$ 82.13	\$ 84.16	\$ 85.85
5	\$ 59.37	\$ 67.26	\$ 75.48	\$ 80.30	\$ 82.71	\$ 85.19	\$ 87.52	\$ 89.90	\$ 91.74	\$ 94.03	\$ 96.35	\$ 98.51
6	\$ 66.88	\$ 76.81	\$ 85.10	\$ 90.47	\$ 93.14	\$ 95.86	\$ 98.38	\$ 100.69	\$ 102.56	\$ 105.94	\$ 108.80	\$ 110.75
7	\$ 74.40	\$ 84.49	\$ 95.85	\$ 100.64	\$ 103.95	\$ 106.77	\$ 109.44	\$ 112.17	\$ 114.08	\$ 117.88	\$ 120.60	\$ 123.21
8	\$ 81.92	\$ 92.90	\$ 105.52	\$ 110.81	\$ 114.12	\$ 117.55	\$ 120.50	\$ 123.51	\$ 126.00	\$ 129.78	\$ 133.00	\$ 135.86
9	\$ 89.44	\$ 101.51	\$ 115.02	\$ 120.88	\$ 124.83	\$ 128.34	\$ 131.55	\$ 134.84	\$ 138.23	\$ 141.67	\$ 145.21	\$ 148.11
10	\$ 96.96	\$ 110.05	\$ 124.90	\$ 131.15	\$ 135.09	\$ 139.12	\$ 142.61	\$ 146.18	\$ 149.85	\$ 153.65	\$ 157.42	\$ 160.85

5. WASTEWATER UTILITY COST OF SERVICE STUDY

Following the development of the wastewater utility financial plans the next step is to determine the level of rate revenues required to adequately recover the cost of providing wastewater service. This is typically performed for a test year, which—as mentioned previously—is the year ending June 30, 2014 (FY 2015).

5.3 WASTEWATER REVENUE REQUIREMENT FROM RATES

Table 42 below indicates the level of wastewater utility expenditures which must be recovered from rates in the FY 2015 test year. As the table indicates, the total test year revenue requirement is approximately \$29 Million.

5.2 WASTEWATER REVENUE REQUIREMENTS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

Following the development of the total test year revenue requirement, the proportion of that revenue requirement attributable to each customer class must be determined. This allocation is performed via the multi-step process described below.

5.2.1 O&M Allocation to Function Categories

The first step in determining revenue requirements by customer class is to allocate the test year O&M revenue requirement to functional categories. These categories are functions that the wastewater utility must perform in order to deliver wastewater service to City customers. For the wastewater utility they are: Administrative and General, Customer Service, Collection, Pumping, and Treatment.

The O&M allocations, by department, are shown in Table 43 below:

TABLE 43: WASTEWATER O&M ALLOCATION TO FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES

DEPARTMENT	Total \$ Allocation	Administrative and General	Customer Service	Collection System	Lift Stations and Pumping	Wastewater Treatment
Total Dept 535 101-Utilities - Sewer Administration	\$ 7,853,542	\$ 7,853,542	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Dept 540 100-Water Service Center Management	\$ 839,478	\$ -	\$ 839,478	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Dept 540 300-WSC - Capital Improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Dept 540 207-Wsc-Meter Reading - Sewer	\$ 738,419	\$ -	\$ 738,419	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Dept 540 208-Wsc-Sewer Maint./Construction	\$ 2,797,895	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,797,895	\$ -	\$ -
Total Dept 550 100-Wpc-Operations	\$ 5,518,100	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,518,100
Total Dept 550 300-Wpc-Third Ave Pump Station	\$ 715,202	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 715,202	\$ -
Total Dept 550 302-Wpc-Maintenance Expenses	\$ 2,812,411	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,812,411
Total Dept 550 300-WPC - Capital Improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Dept 550 600-Hur_dep_Exp-Sewer Portion	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Dept 900 101-Travellers out to Land 101	\$ 1,850,000	\$ 1,850,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
GRAND TOTAL WASTEWATER UTILITY	\$ 22,053,392	\$ 9,513,542	\$ 1,577,894	\$ 2,797,895	\$ 715,202	\$ 8,428,978

5.2.2 O&M Allocation to Cost Components

Once O&M costs have been allocated to functional categories, the total O&M revenue requirement allocated to each functional category must be further allocated based on the operational need which they are designed to fulfill. For this allocation RFC has generally utilized the cost allocation methodology described in the Water Environment Federation's Manual of Practice No. 27, "Financing and Charges for Wastewater Systems."

The costs components utilized in this study are: volume or wastewater utility costs which are incurred on the basis of the quantity of wastewater discharged into the system; strength measures such as Biochemical Oxygen Demand ("BOD"), Total Suspended Solids ("TSS") and Phosphorus; and customer measures such as equivalent meters and monthly bills. A summary of the allocation of the wastewater O&M revenue requirement is included in Table 44 on the following page.

TABLE 44: WASTEWATER O&M ALLOCATION TO COST COMPONENTS

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	Total Allocation	Volume Allocation	Strength		Allocation to Phosphorous	Customer	
			Allocation To BOD	Allocation To TSS		Customer Meters	Customer Billed
Administration and General	\$ 9,513,942	\$ 2,492,584	\$ 1,974,206	\$ 1,974,206	\$ 1,974,206	\$ 1,106,780	\$ -
Customer Service	\$ 1,577,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,577,894	\$ -
Collection System	\$ 2,797,696	\$ 2,797,696	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Lift Stations and Pumping	\$ 735,282	\$ 735,282	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Wastewater Treatment	\$ 8,425,578	\$ -	\$ 2,809,536	\$ 2,809,536	\$ 2,809,536	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 23,050,392	\$ 6,015,562	\$ 4,783,732	\$ 4,783,732	\$ 4,783,732	\$ 2,684,674	\$ -

5.2.3 Capital Cost Allocation to Functional Components

Similar to the allocation of the O&M revenue requirement described in the previous section, the capital revenue requirement must be allocated to functional categories. Table 45 below indicates the allocation of capital costs.

TABLE 45: WASTEWATER CAPITAL ALLOCATION TO FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES

Allocation of Capital Costs to Functional Categories						
	Total	Administrative and General	Customer Service	Collection System	Lift Stations and	Wastewater Treatment
Breakdown of Fixed Assets by Function	100%	0.32%	0.00%	82.79%	4.31%	12.58%
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 7,230,845	\$ 22,423.92	\$ -	\$ 5,986,708	\$ 311,745	\$ 808,867
% Allocation of Water Fixed Assets to Functional Categories						
FIXED ASSET CATEGORY	Net Book Value	Administrative and General	Customer Service	Collection System	Lift Stations and	Wastewater Treatment
01Land	\$ 38,977	\$ 120	\$ -	\$ 31,326	\$ 1,642	\$ 4,790
02Construction-in-progress	\$ 527,286	\$ 1,664	\$ -	\$ 436,561	\$ 22,733	\$ 66,327
11Land Improvements	\$ 3,480,377	\$ 10,986	\$ -	\$ 2,881,545	\$ 150,050	\$ 437,786
12Building Improvements	\$ 752,952	\$ 2,377	\$ -	\$ 623,399	\$ 32,462	\$ 99,714
13Sewage disposal plant & equipment	\$ 6,661,444	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,661,444
14Vehicle	\$ 456,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 456,125	\$ -	\$ -
15 Sewage Pumping Station	\$ 2,255,719	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,255,719	\$ -
16Office & Other Equipment	\$ 28,892	\$ 28,892	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
17Sewer SSR	\$ 42,862,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,862,474	\$ -	\$ -
18Sanitary Sewers (Ergg only)	\$ 136,257	\$ 136,257	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Water Fixed assets	\$ 37,119,603	\$ 180,286	\$ -	\$ 47,291,830	\$ 2,482,606	\$ 7,169,071
% Breakdown	100.00%	0.32%	0.00%	82.79%	4.31%	12.58%

As the table above indicates, the basis for the allocation of capital costs was the existing level of wastewater utility investment in fixed assets. The existing net book value of each major asset class was allocated to the functional categories. The total capital revenue requirement, approximately 7 Million in the test year, was then allocated according to the proportion of existing investment in each functional category. For example, a large proportion of investment in wastewater fixed assets relates to the rehabilitation of the City's collection system ("Sewer SSR"). As such, the majority of the capital revenue requirement (82%) has been allocated to the collection system function.

5.2.4 Capital Cost Allocation to Cost Components

As with the allocation of the O&M revenue requirement described above, the functionally allocated capital revenue requirement must also be further allocated according to the operational need that each function is designed to fulfill.

Table 46 below summarizes this allocation.

TABLE 46: WASTEWATER CAPITAL ALLOCATION TO COST COMPONENTS

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	Total \$ Allocation	Volume Allocation	Strength			Customer	
			Allocation To BOD	Allocation To TSS	Allocation to Phosphorus	Customer Metered	Customer Bids
Aven Infrastructure and General Customer Service	22,634	19,944	960	660	960	-	-
Collection System	5,985,709	5,985,709	-	-	-	-	-
Lift Stations and Pumping	311,745	311,745	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater Treatment	909,587	-	303,169	303,169	303,169	-	-
Total Capital Expenditures	7,230,935	6,316,397	304,149	304,149	304,149	-	-

5.2.5 Non-Rate Revenue Allocation to Cost Components

Non-rate revenue must be excluded from the O&M and Capital revenue requirements as these amounts are an offset to the revenue requirement which will be recovered from rates. Consequently, non-rate revenues are allocated to the cost components so that they can be removed from the total revenue requirement. In this case, non-rate revenues were allocated proportionally according to the total O&M revenue requirement allocation and can be seen in Table 47 below.

TABLE 47: WASTEWATER NON-RATE REVENUE ALLOCATION TO COST COMPONENTS

ACCOUNT CODE - DESCRIPTION	Total \$ Allocation	Volume Allocation	Strength			Customer	
			Allocation To BOD	Allocation To TSS	Allocation to Phosphorus	Customer Metered	Customer Bids
590-036-101-455-000 Bus. Licenses & Permits - Utilities	21,672	5,767	4,579	4,579	4,579	2,547	2,547
590-036-101-530-000 Hazardous Waste							
590-036-101-535-000 State Grant							
590-036-101-557-000 Fees - Turn-On Fees - Utilities							
590-036-101-657-100 Fuel/road Discount - Utilities							
590-036-101-696-000 Subsidy Income Insurance							
590-036-101-699-500 Due From Fund Balance							
590-036-101-699-999 Prior Year Payments							
590-040-100-677-000 Reimbursements							
590-040-200-600-000 Charges For Balance Returned							
590-040-200-602-000 Charges For Service Returned - priority	10,000	2,210	4,110	4,110	4,110	2,207	2,207
590-040-200-677-000 Reimbursements							
590-040-200-677-500 Reimbursements - emergency funds							
590-050-100-645-000 Scale Sales							
590-050-100-649-000 Auction Bid - Equipment & Materials							
590-050-100-657-000 Fees - Turn-On Fees - Utilities							
590-050-100-677-000 Reimbursements							
590-050-100-699-500 Due From Fund Balance							
590-050-200-600-000 Documents Returned							
590-050-201-455-000 Bus. Licenses & Permits - Hazardous							
590-050-202-600-000 Due From Fund Balance	21,890	7,225	4,546	4,546	4,546	2,221	2,221
590-050-202-650-100 Hazardous Waste							
Net Transfers to/from General Fund	625,582	166,524	87,862	87,862	87,862	49,302	49,302

5.2.6 Plant Balance Analysis

Once each component of the revenue requirements has been determined, wastewater strength units, by customer class must be estimated. These are the basis upon which the strength costs, determined in the previous step, are allocated to each customer class.

This allocation is performed via a proportional distribution of each measure of strength to each customer class, based on the contribution of that class to overall billed wastewater volumes. This calculation is shown in Table 48 below.

TABLE 48: WASTEWATER PLANT BALANCE ANALYSIS CALCULATIONS

CUSTOMER CLASS	Test Year Volume (CCF)	Biochemical Oxygen Demand		Total Suspended Solids		Phosphorous		Test Year Combined Sewer
		MGD	Pounds	MGD	Pounds	MGD	Pounds	
Test Year Plant Volume	1,009,010	54.5	1,835,321.25	16.3	1,170,821.30	4.255	66,769.56	5,816,000
Inside City Residential	1,016,605	50.0	1,665,000	15.0	1,015,517	3.0	47,117	1,622,100
Outside City Commercial/Industrial	1,288,721	30.0	977,451	10.0	612,000	3.0	15,239	1,705,800
Outside City Residential	206	0.0	120	0.0	120	0.0	0	251
Outside City Commercial/Industrial	4,032	0.0	4,500	0.0	4,076	0.0	75	8,500
Total Billed Volume	1,887,604	80.0	1,871,058	25.0	1,730,693	6.0	62,431	3,427,102
Total Influent Volume	280,442	15.0	64,272.49	15.0	64,272.49	0.5	8,377.46	100,000
Balance	-	-	676	-	676	-	-	-
Calculated per CCF	1.42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monthly bill amount	434,562	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Units per billing	3,735.56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
% allocation contribution	25%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

As an example, consider Biochemical Oxygen Demand. The proportion of BOD contributed to the wastewater system by each class, is function of the overall volume contributed by that class. Therefore the BOD units are allocated to each customer class based on their proportion of total billed volumes. Inside City Residential customers, for example, are forecasted to contribute 1.5 Million CCF in billed wastewater volumes in the test year, or 53% of total billed volumes. Consequently, they are assigned 53% of total forecast BOD. The same calculations are performed for the remaining strength units, TSS and Phosphorous.

The result is a total level of strength units for each customer class, which is then used to determine unit costs by customer class and allocate the test year revenue requirement.

5.2.7 Calculation of Units of Service

The next step in the cost allocation process is to summarize the units of service, which are used as the basis for the allocation of the total revenue requirement to each of the customer classes. The units pertain to each of the cost components mentioned above (i.e. strength, volume and customer units). In the following step, the units will be used to determine a unit cost for each cost component.

The wastewater units of service are shown in Table 49 below.

TABLE 49: WASTEWATER UNITS OF SERVICE

WASTEWATER UNITS OF SERVICE	Residential				Commercial/Industrial	
	Total System (CCF)	Total Inside City Residential	Total Outside City Residential	Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	
Volume Units						
% Breakdown		52.0%	0.0%	46.9%	0.2%	
Total System Gilled Volume	3,952,604	1,576,866	006	1,356,721	7,012	
Total Infiltration and Inflow	686,412	362,852	47	321,500	1,814	
Total Volume	3,666,016	1,232,517	253	1,230,220	8,825	
Strength Units						
BOD	1,671,058	889,060	120	877,481	4,399	
TSS	1,723,838	818,437	120	813,007	4,676	
Phosphorus	32,484	17,177	2	15,238	76	
Total Wastewater Strength (Pounds)	3,427,382	1,922,694	251	1,705,695	9,350	
Customer Units						
Meters	33,177	25,436	8	7,699	35	
Bills	118,052	301,095	73	14,645	137	

As mentioned above the units determined for each customer class are volume (the total forecast wastewater contribution) strength (the proportion of wastewater strength units determined in the plant balance analysis) and customer (equivalent meters and customer bills as in the water cost of service study).

5.2.8 Unit Cost of Service

Following the allocation of the wastewater revenue requirements to each of the cost components and the calculation of the units of service, a unit cost of service for each cost component can be determined. These unit costs are the basis by which the revenue requirements by customer class are determined.

The unit cost of service is the total revenue requirement as allocated to the cost components, divided by the units of service attributable to each component and is shown in Table 50 on the following page.

TABLE 50: WASTEWATER UNIT COST OF SERVICE

Wastewater Units of Service		Strength					Customer	
CUSTOMER CLASS	Volume Allocation	Allocation To	Allocation To	Allocation To	Customer	Customer	Meters	Customer Bills
		BOD	TSS	Phosphorous	Waters	Bills		
Total Inside City Residential	1,836,517	919,000	916,437	11,477	25,426	201,098		
Total Outside City Residential	253	129	120	2	8	71		
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	1,740,620	877,451	873,007	10,238	7,899	14,848		
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	8,625	4,399	4,076	78	25	137		
Grand Total System Units of Service	3,627,015	1,871,059	1,733,639	22,895	33,477	215,852		

Wastewater Cost Based Revenue Requirements		Strength					Customer	
REVENUE REQUIREMENT	Total	Volume Allocation	Allocation To	Allocation To	Allocation To	Customer	Customer	Bills
			BOD	TSS	Phosphorous	Waters	Bills	
Total Operation and Maintenance Expenses	\$ 23,653,392	\$ 8,016,647	\$ 4,783,732	\$ 4,783,732	\$ 4,783,732	\$ 2,636,654	\$	
Unit Cost		\$ 1.64	\$ 2.65	\$ 2.76	\$ 2.76	\$ 147.22	\$ 30.66	\$
Total Capital Expenditures	\$ 7,720,848	\$ 2,316,393	\$ 304,148	\$ 304,149	\$ 304,149	\$	\$	
Unit Cost		\$ 1.72	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.35	\$	\$
Total Non-Rate Revenue	\$ (421,862)	\$ (110,624)	\$ (87,892)	\$ (87,892)	\$ (87,892)	\$ (87,892)	\$ (87,892)	\$
Unit Cost		\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.05)	\$ (2.70)	\$ (1.48)	\$
Total System Revenue Requirements	\$ 25,850,874	\$ 12,225,416	\$ 4,989,989	\$ 4,989,989	\$ 4,989,989	\$ 2,637,292	\$	
Total System Unit Cost		\$ 3.33	\$ 2.67	\$ 2.88	\$ 2.88	\$ 163.67	\$ 79.49	\$

For example, the total volume units are 3.6 Million CCF. This means that the O&M, Capital and Non-Rate Revenue Requirements cost \$1.64, \$1.72 and \$(.03) per unit of wastewater volume. The total unit cost associated with wastewater volume is \$3.33/CCF. The calculation is repeated for each cost component to determine the overall unit cost associated with wastewater volume, strength (BOD, TSS and Phosphorous) and customer service.

5.2.9 Revenue Requirements by Customer Class

The customer class revenue requirements are the basis for establishing alternative rates by customer class. The City's existing wastewater rate structure does not include distinct rates by customer class. At this time the City does not wish to make major rate structure changes. However, the revenue requirements by customer class are shown in Table 51 on the following page and are the basis for the alternative wastewater rates presented as appendix B to this report.

TABLE 51: WASTEWATER REVENUE REQUIREMENTS BY CUSTOMER CLASS

Wastewater Units of Service			Strength			Customer		
CUSTOMER CLASS	Volume	Allocation	To BOD	Allocation To TSS	Allocation To Phosphorous	Customer Nitrogen	Customer Sulfur	
Total System Revenue Requirements	\$ 29,650,574	\$	12,223,415	\$	4,998,989	\$	4,998,989	\$2,637,292
Total System Unit COS		\$	1.33	\$	2.67	\$	2.65	\$ 151.87
Units of Service								
Total Inside City Residential			1,039,517		989,690		915,427	17,177
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial			1,720,620		977,451		813,007	15,238
			2,760,136		1,966,531		1,729,448	32,415
Total Outside City Residential			283		129		129	2
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial			6,826		4,389		4,076	76
			8,079		4,528		4,195	79
Total System Units of Service			2,668,015		1,971,060		1,733,639	32,494
Allocated COS of Service								
Total Inside City Residential COS	\$ 18,442,790	\$	8,461,540	\$	2,643,007	\$	2,643,007	\$2,023,959
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 10,376,697	\$	3,732,266	\$	2,344,793	\$	2,344,793	\$12,030
Total Inside City All Classes	\$ 28,791,438	\$	12,193,837	\$	4,987,990	\$	4,987,990	\$2,035,989
Total Outside City Residential COS	\$ 2,302.18	\$	843	\$	345	\$	345	\$ 505
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 796.05	\$	28,736	\$	11,754	\$	11,754	\$ 2,796
Total Outside City All Classes	\$ 89,178	\$	29,579	\$	12,093	\$	12,099	\$ 2,903
Total System Cost of Service	\$ 29,650,574	\$	12,223,415	\$	4,998,989	\$	4,998,989	\$2,637,292
Check on Total System COS (Should be 30)	\$							

The revenue requirement for each customer class is the total unit cost of service determined previously, multiplied by the units of service for each customer class. The result is a total allocation to each customer class made up of each of the cost components discussed previously. The allocation is based on each customer class's contribution to the wastewater utility's overall operating and capital costs, as represented by their units of service.

5.3 WASTEWATER RATE DESIGN

The wastewater rates have been calculated under the existing rate structure and under a new structure which recognizes the customer classes present in the City's CIS. The rate calculation under existing rates will be presented here, with the alternative rates by customer class presented as an appendix B.

5.3.1 Volumetric Rate Calculations

As mentioned above, the City did not indicate a desire to significantly modify the existing wastewater rate structure. Therefore RFC maintained various components of the existing water volumetric rates including:

- The existing inside/outside city differential (i.e. outside=110% of inside)
- The existing structure which charges the same volumetric rates for all customer classes
- The existing shift of some volumetric costs to the fixed service charge (i.e. a readiness to serve adjustment)

The calculation of the wastewater volumetric rates involves the following steps

- Determine total composite volumetric revenue requirement:
 - o Adjust the test-year revenue requirement allocated to the volume cost component by the readiness to serve amount
 - o Add the wastewater strength related cost components (BOD, TSS and Phosphorous)
 - o Remove Beecher Metro Revenue
 - o Add the inside and outside city revenue requirements to determine a composite revenue requirement for all customer classes
- Determine the composite wastewater units:
 - o Multiply the units of inside and outside city customers by the existing I/O differential (Outside=110% of Inside)
 - o Add those units together.
- Calculate Inside and Outside City Volumetric Rates:
 - o Determine a composite rate for all customer classes by dividing the total composite revenue requirement determined above, by the total composite wastewater units
 - o Multiply the composite rates by the Inside and Outside City differentials (100% for Inside City and 110% for Outside City) to determine the rates for each customer class.

The above calculations are summarized in Table S2 on the following page.

5.3.2 Fixed Charge Calculations

As noted above, the City did not express a desire to change rate structures at this time. Consequently, the following aspects of the existing rate structure have been maintained including:

- The existing inside/outside city differential (i.e. outside=120% of inside)
- The existing shift of some volumetric costs to the fixed service charge (i.e. a readiness to serve adjustment)
- The flow equivalencies for the various meter sizes

The calculation of the wastewater fixed charges involves the following steps:

- Determine total composite fixed charge revenue requirement by summing the fixed charge revenue requirements (i.e. those allocated to the customer service related cost components) and the readiness to serve revenue requirement.
- Determine the composite fixed charge wastewater units:
 - Multiply the number of inside and outside city equivalent accounts by the existing I/O differential (Outside=120% of Inside)
 - Add those units together to determine the composite number of equivalent customer accounts
- Calculate Inside and Outside City Volumetric Rates by:
 - Determine an annual composite rate for all customer classes by dividing the total composite revenue requirement determined above, by the total composite wastewater equivalent accounts
 - Determine a monthly rate for the 5/8" equivalent account by dividing the annual rate by 12.
 - Multiply the composite fixed charges by the Inside and Outside City differentials (100% for Inside City and 110% for Outside City) to determine the monthly fixed charge per 5/8" equivalent account for inside and outside city customer classes.
 - Multiply the monthly fixed charge for a 5/8" equivalent account by the meter equivalencies for each meter size to determine the monthly fixed charge for the remaining meter sizes.

The calculations described in the narrative above are summarized in Table S3 on the following page.

TABLE 53: WASTEWATER FIXED CHARGE CALCULATIONS

CUSTOMER CLASS	Fixed Charge to Serve Adjustment			Base Fixed	
	Fixed Charge Revenue Requirement	Adjustment	Readiness to Serve Revenue Req.	Attributed to Customer Service	Attributed to Outside Sewer
Total Inside City Residential COS	\$ 1,021,958	\$ 420,554	\$ 1,504,158	\$ 2,021,858	\$
Total Outside City Residential COS	\$ 303	\$ 420,554	\$ 2,423	\$ 303	\$
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 512,030	\$ 420,554	\$ 2,574,180	\$ 512,030	\$
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial COS	\$ 2,758	\$ 420,554	\$ 11,758	\$ 2,758	\$
Total Inside City Residential COS Adjustment	\$ 2,024,939	\$ 5,504,158			
Total Outside City Residential COS Adjustment	\$ 303	\$ 2,123			
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial COS Adjustment	\$ 612,630	\$ 2,574,180			
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial COS Adjustment	\$ 2,758	\$ 11,758			

CHARGE UNIT	Total Revenue Requirement By Charge	Composite Revenue Requirement	Equivalent Accounts	Test Year Differential Times Inside City	Test Year Adjusted Equivalent Accounts	Test Year Composite Equivalent Accounts	Monthly Fixed Charge Per SFR Equivalent
Total Inside City Residential	\$ 10,526,127	\$ 10,526,755	25,438	1.00	25,438	25,444	\$ 31.46
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial	\$ 3,685,678	\$ 3,218,736	7,669	1.00	7,679	7,742	\$ 31.45
	\$ 15,712,297	\$ 13,729,491	33,136		33,155	33,196	
Total Outside City Residential	\$ 2,627		8	1.2	8		\$ 31.38
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial	\$ 14,588		36	1.2	42		\$ 31.34
	17,453		42		50		

CUSTOMER CLASS	Inside City Meter Equivalency	Inside City Meter Equivalency	Proposed Fixed Charge Inside City	Existing Fixed Charge Inside City	Difference	Proposed Fixed Charge Outside City	Existing Fixed Charge Outside City	Difference
Residential Customers								
3/4"	1.00	1.07	\$ 34.45	\$ 32.00	2%	\$ 44.19	\$ 41.01	8%
1"	1.47	1.46	\$ 50.56	\$ 48.92	3%	\$ 50.56	\$ 48.01	5%
1 1/2"	2.04	2.00	\$ 70.41	\$ 65.34	8%	\$ 82.98	\$ 78.99	5%
2"	2.04	2.00	\$ 70.41	\$ 65.34	8%	\$ 82.98	\$ 78.99	5%
3"	2.04	2.00	\$ 70.41	\$ 65.34	8%	\$ 82.98	\$ 78.99	5%
Commercial/Industrial Customers								
3/4"	1.02	1.51	\$ 34.50	\$ 1,319	0%	\$ 82.57	\$ 55.12	33%
1"	2.01	1.92	\$ 69.37	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 162.28	\$ 73.62	55%
1 1/2"	2.55	2.55	\$ 84.30	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 162.56	\$ 94.05	42%
2"	4.31	4.29	\$ 145.40	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 177.42	\$ 154.89	13%
3"	6.12	6.05	\$ 211.18	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 232.24	\$ 202.45	15%
4"	13.89	13.82	\$ 471.82	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 542.83	\$ 342.87	56%
6"	22.55	21.07	\$ 777.14	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 963.69	\$ 665.11	45%
8"	45.52	45.09	\$ 1,571.80	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 1,905.74	\$ 1,770.13	6%
10"	67.43	68.32	\$ 2,312.78	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 2,849.27	\$ 2,646.82	8%
12"	91.16	91.73	\$ 3,141.97	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 3,782.41	\$ 3,522.56	7%
14"	107.66	107.61	\$ 3,688.72	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 4,448.17	\$ 4,132.57	8%
16"	141.35	142.17	\$ 4,870.52	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 5,819.11	\$ 5,497.51	6%
20"	155.45	170.08	\$ 6,734.35	\$ 1,438	0%	\$ 7,002.44	\$ 6,632.02	5%

5.3.3 Summary of Existing and Forecast Wastewater Rates

Based on the calculations from the previous two sections, the existing and proposed rates for the forecast period are shown in Tables 54 and 55 on the following page.

Note that while the test year FY 2015 rates have been calculated within the cost of service study, the rates for FY 2016 and beyond are based on the overall rate revenue increase from the wastewater utility financial plan.

TABLE 54: SUMMARY OF EXISTING AND FORECAST VOLUMETRIC WASTEWATER RATES

CUSTOMER CLASS		Test-Year FY 2014 Existing Rates	Test-Year FY 2015 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2016 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2017 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2018 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2019 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2020 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2021 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2022 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2023 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2024 Proposed Rates	Forecast FY 2025 Proposed Rates
Total Inside City All Classes	(\$/CCF)	\$ 4.80	\$ 5.17	\$ 5.53	\$ 5.92	\$ 6.16	\$ 6.31	\$ 6.43	\$ 6.58	\$ 6.88	\$ 6.63	\$ 6.90	\$ 7.10
Total Outside City All Classes	(\$/CCF)	\$ 5.25	\$ 5.66	\$ 6.06	\$ 6.51	\$ 6.80	\$ 6.94	\$ 7.06	\$ 7.22	\$ 7.35	\$ 7.51	\$ 7.63	\$ 7.81

TABLE 65: SUMMARY OF EXISTING AND FORECAST WASTEWATER FIXED CHARGES

		Five-Year FY 2016 Planning Period	Five-Year FY 2017 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2018 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2019 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2020 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2021 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2022 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2023 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2024 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2025 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2026 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2027 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2028 Proposed Period	Forecast FY 2029 Proposed Period			
CHARGE CLASSES																		
Water City Residential Customers:																		
50'	1	12.40	2	34.48	3	42.90	4	38.18	5	41.28	6	42.02	7	43.78	8	47.38		
34"	1	18.80	2	65.60	3	56.10	4	57.30	5	60.18	6	61.70	7	62.04	8	64.18	9	65.48
1"	1	65.34	2	70.41	3	75.31	4	80.01	5	84.24	6	85.92	7	87.04	8	88.30	9	90.78
1/4"	1	65.34	2	70.41	3	75.31	4	80.01	5	84.24	6	85.92	7	87.04	8	88.30	9	90.78
2"	1	64.34	2	70.41	3	75.31	4	80.01	5	84.24	6	85.92	7	87.04	8	88.30	9	90.78
Water City Commercial/Industrial/Community:																		
50'	1	59.80	2	65.01	3	66.91	4	68.10	5	69.31	6	70.21	7	71.08	8	71.94	9	72.82
34"	1	61.62	2	69.27	3	74.23	4	76.42	5	83.00	6	84.68	7	86.31	8	88.08	9	91.43
1"	1	81.71	2	91.29	3	91.58	4	93.11	5	100.11	6	101.20	7	102.52	8	103.96	9	105.17
1/4"	1	127.89	2	199.88	3	153.70	4	169.81	5	177.33	6	181.10	7	186.75	8	190.42	9	198.00
2"	1	104.18	2	211.18	3	122.07	4	241.79	5	252.67	6	257.73	7	262.84	8	268.14	9	273.64
3"	1	421.50	2	471.87	3	481.29	4	548.08	5	564.26	6	579.45	7	587.06	8	598.60	9	616.71
4"	1	721.84	2	771.11	3	781.54	4	832.12	5	859.74	6	878.74	7	887.34	8	898.70	9	917.20
6"	1	1,058.62	2	1,071.80	3	1,081.92	4	1,091.12	5	1,100.32	6	1,109.50	7	1,118.68	8	1,127.84	9	1,136.99
8"	1	1,146.24	2	1,212.74	3	1,241.08	4	1,241.81	5	1,257.02	6	1,262.11	7	1,270.86	8	1,279.44	9	1,288.00
10"	1	2,918.39	2	2,941.92	3	3,001.01	4	3,001.74	5	3,104.42	6	3,104.30	7	3,190.98	8	3,190.91	9	3,288.48
12"	1	2,676.21	2	3,046.72	3	3,046.07	4	3,222.22	5	3,413.30	6	3,501.52	7	3,541.31	8	3,583.18	9	3,670.85
18"	1	4,051.03	2	4,070.13	3	4,211.47	4	4,428.21	5	4,627.30	6	4,841.74	7	4,982.82	8	5,103.87	9	5,241.70
24"	1	3,200.87	2	3,724.36	3	3,724.43	4	3,845.94	5	4,060.47	6	4,060.43	7	4,286.43	8	4,286.43	9	4,512.43
Outside City Residential Customers:																		
50'	1	41.01	2	74.18	3	47.28	4	103.9	5	62.87	6	73.82	7	62.81	8	50.11	9	54.32
34"	1	63.01	2	64.30	3	64.67	4	69.09	5	72.20	6	73.84	7	76.12	8	78.42	9	81.31
1"	1	78.96	2	82.90	3	83.76	4	84.89	5	89.23	6	91.21	7	102.28	8	102.32	9	107.41
1/4"	1	78.96	2	82.90	3	83.76	4	84.89	5	89.23	6	91.21	7	102.28	8	102.32	9	107.41
2"	1	76.96	2	82.90	3	83.76	4	84.89	5	89.23	6	91.21	7	102.28	8	102.32	9	107.41
Outside City Commercial/Industrial/Community:																		
50'	1	58.19	2	61.57	3	60.94	4	61.67	5	62.88	6	63.38	7	64.10	8	64.72	9	65.45
34"	1	71.62	2	79.08	3	84.81	4	87.76	5	91.60	6	95.13	7	98.85	8	102.74	9	106.82
1"	1	88.75	2	101.50	3	115.25	4	120.80	5	128.35	6	135.40	7	141.70	8	148.74	9	156.08
1/4"	1	164.80	2	173.49	3	181.35	4	203.44	5	217.89	6	218.57	7	225.88	8	235.37	9	244.78
2"	1	236.43	2	320.74	3	327.78	4	380.50	5	399.59	6	391.46	7	397.72	8	404.62	9	411.55
3"	1	672.87	2	672.89	3	692.39	4	944.40	5	973.00	6	1,000.83	7	1,000.31	8	1,000.31	9	1,000.31
4"	1	898.01	2	892.89	3	1,070.46	4	1,072.10	5	1,181.25	6	1,184.92	7	1,187.30	8	1,241.10	9	1,241.10
6"	1	1,770.12	2	1,803.24	3	2,019.34	4	2,101.89	5	2,280.07	6	2,325.04	7	2,371.18	8	2,409.02	9	2,449.02
8"	1	2,048.32	2	2,089.27	3	2,309.72	4	2,361.17	5	2,609.03	6	2,671.11	7	2,694.86	8	2,897.36	9	2,897.36
10"	1	5,522.54	2	5,783.41	3	6,057.19	4	6,241.03	5	6,607.31	6	6,629.08	7	6,729.02	8	6,816.92	9	6,909.96
12"	1	6,132.57	2	6,449.17	3	6,770.42	4	6,973.98	5	7,327.04	6	7,429.54	7	7,533.14	8	7,648.94	9	7,761.19
18"	1	8,497.91	2	8,619.11	3	8,823.48	4	9,170.79	5	9,591.75	6	9,720.58	7	9,857.80	8	10,004.81	9	10,151.81
24"	1	7,332.02	2	7,652.44	3	7,524.72	4	8,031.80	5	8,415.18	6	8,520.01	7	8,723.88	8	8,824.75	9	9,107.35

5.3.4 Projected Residential Wastewater Bills

Table S6 below indicates projected wastewater bills for Residential Inside City customers with a 5/8" meter.

TABLE S6: PROJECTED RESIDENTIAL WASTEWATER BILLS

RATE IMPACT 5/8" Customer	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Monthly Usage (CCF)												
1	\$ 39.40	\$ 39.85	\$ 40.42	\$ 41.40	\$ 42.44	\$ 43.39	\$ 44.36	\$ 45.34	\$ 46.35	\$ 47.38	\$ 48.42	\$ 49.47
2	\$ 81.60	\$ 82.82	\$ 84.06	\$ 85.31	\$ 86.52	\$ 87.79	\$ 89.09	\$ 90.40	\$ 91.73	\$ 93.08	\$ 94.38	\$ 95.69
3	\$ 123.80	\$ 125.24	\$ 126.70	\$ 128.17	\$ 129.65	\$ 131.14	\$ 132.64	\$ 134.15	\$ 135.67	\$ 137.20	\$ 138.74	\$ 140.29
4	\$ 166.00	\$ 167.68	\$ 169.38	\$ 171.09	\$ 172.82	\$ 174.56	\$ 176.32	\$ 178.09	\$ 179.87	\$ 181.66	\$ 183.46	\$ 185.27
5	\$ 208.20	\$ 210.00	\$ 211.82	\$ 213.65	\$ 215.50	\$ 217.36	\$ 219.24	\$ 221.13	\$ 223.03	\$ 224.94	\$ 226.86	\$ 228.79
6	\$ 250.40	\$ 252.32	\$ 254.26	\$ 256.21	\$ 258.18	\$ 260.16	\$ 262.16	\$ 264.17	\$ 266.19	\$ 268.22	\$ 270.26	\$ 272.31
7	\$ 292.60	\$ 294.64	\$ 296.70	\$ 298.77	\$ 300.86	\$ 302.96	\$ 305.07	\$ 307.19	\$ 309.32	\$ 311.46	\$ 313.61	\$ 315.77
8	\$ 334.80	\$ 336.96	\$ 339.14	\$ 341.33	\$ 343.54	\$ 345.76	\$ 347.99	\$ 350.23	\$ 352.48	\$ 354.74	\$ 356.99	\$ 359.26
9	\$ 377.00	\$ 379.28	\$ 381.58	\$ 383.89	\$ 386.21	\$ 388.54	\$ 390.88	\$ 393.23	\$ 395.59	\$ 397.96	\$ 400.34	\$ 402.72
10	\$ 419.20	\$ 421.60	\$ 424.02	\$ 426.45	\$ 428.90	\$ 431.36	\$ 433.83	\$ 436.31	\$ 438.80	\$ 441.30	\$ 443.81	\$ 446.33

6. DISCUSSION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMP)

We reviewed the City's water and wastewater utility performance in relation to Best Management Practices that have been published by Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"). These criteria are used by Fitch when reviewing the performance of a utility as part of the bond rating process.

6.1 FINANCIAL PROFILE

"Long term integrated financial forecasting that considers future demand, expected rate increases, regulations, and infrastructure renovation and renewal needs."

In general, the City's practices are consistent with this BMP. This report includes ten year comprehensive financial plans for both the water and wastewater utilities. These were developed in collaboration with City staff and reflect the rate revenue increases necessary to adequately fund operation and maintenance expenditures, make necessary capital improvements and ensure fiscal sustainability for each utility on a going forward basis. In addition to these general objectives, the water utility financial plans reflect the transition from DWSD to the KWA, which is expected to lower the level of future rate increases and afford the City greater control over the water utility's operating costs.

"Policies ensure appropriate financial margins, including debt service coverage and operating liquidity levels."

In general the City is taking steps to improve consistency with this BMP. The aforementioned water and wastewater utility financial plans move the City towards an operating reserve target of 90 days

of O&M and debt service. These reserves are critical to mitigate the risk inherent in operating a seasonal enterprise. That said, it is also important to recognize the sensitivity of ratepayers to further increases, especially given the relatively high level of existing rates. Consequently, the City has decided to work up to the 90 day target over the next few fiscal years to mitigate the potential rate impact.

Coverage of existing water utility debt service is quite strong. This stems primarily from the fact that, given the City's past financial difficulties, it has limited access to capital markets for the purpose of funding its capital improvements. At this time, all major capital improvements are forecast to be made out of current rate revenues. If this policy is maintained throughout the forecast period, water utility debt service coverage will likely continue to improve. In the future the City may choose to leverage its water revenues via the Michigan Drinking Water Revolving Revenue Fund, which would spread the rate impact of the forecast capital improvements. Currently, the City does not have any outstanding wastewater debt.

"Regular financial reporting and monitoring systems enable policymaker's access to timely information on fiscal performance relative to the budget."

It is our understanding that the City's reporting systems are consistent with this BMP.

"Limited exposure to growth sensitive revenues, such as tap, connection, or impact fees."

The City's practices are consistent with this BMP. The City currently receives little to no revenue from growth related fees, mostly due to the fact that customer account growth has largely been negative or flat in recent years. Consequently the City is not overly reliant on such fees. However, if customer account growth becomes positive in the future, the City should consider implementing growth related fees to ensure that new customers are adequately compensating existing customers for their investment in the water and wastewater systems.

"Collection policies that regularly track the rate of timely payment receipts and enforce penalties against late payers or terminate service for non-payment."

The City has taken steps to improve consistency with this BMP. In recent years, account delinquency and non-payment has become a significant problem for the City. In addition, City staff has cited issues regarding potential water theft. Given these challenges, the City has engaged a consulting firm to aid in the analysis of their customer information system data, in an effort to recover the lost revenue associated with these issues. This is a critical in that it ensures paying customers are not bearing the burden of water theft going forward.

"Willingness of political leaders to adjust rates when necessary."

The City's practices are consistent with this BMP. Emergency Manager Darnell Early has the authority to raise rates as necessary to ensure the ongoing financial sustainability of the water and wastewater utilities. It is our understanding however, that input from political stakeholders will continue to be part of that City's rate adjustment process going forward.

"Limited exposure to financial operations of the general government so that system revenues can be relied upon for use to operate and improve the utility. For transfers to the general fund policies that specifically limit their scope and growth are favorable."

The City is taking steps to improve consistency with this BMP. It is our understanding that approximately \$10 million is due from the City's general fund to the water and wastewater utilities. A potential course of action would be to reduce the amount of administrative fees the water and wastewater utilities pay each year to the general fund, until the amount owed is paid back in full. Regardless of the method, the City has indicated that, as a worst case scenario, the general fund would repay the amount owed to the water and wastewater utilities by FY 2019.

"Compliance with industry accounting practices and establishment of appropriate internal controls."

It is our understanding that the City's accounting practices adhere to the generally accepted accounting practices ("GAAP") set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

"Rate affordability guidelines that consider absolute levels of rates and their affordability relative to income levels."

The City is working to improve consistency with this BMP. Affordability is a critical consideration for the City especially given the relatively high level of existing rates. As mentioned above, a key component of this study involved analyzing the impact of transitioning from DWSD to the KWA, a policy which should generate savings to ratepayers in lieu of what would have happened had the City continued to purchase water from DWSD.

6.2 DEBT PROFILE RELATED

"Prioritized capital improvement plans that cover at least five years and consider capacity, supply, regulatory and replacement and renewal needs."

The City's practices are consistent with this BMP. The City has provided five year capital improvements plans for the water and wastewater utilities as well as guidance for forecasting beyond that period, both of which have been incorporated into the water and wastewater financial plans. Based on our experience with utility operations and an examination of the provided plans, it is our opinion that the City is working to address capacity, supply and regulatory issues.

"Debt issuance policies including types, terms, and suitability under specific conditions, as well as the amount of variable-rate debt deemed appropriate."

Currently the City's wastewater utility has no debt and the level of water utility relatively modest. Though the debt associated with the joining KWA will increase this amount in the coming years. It will not reach unsustainable levels.

"Development of comprehensive policies on the use of hedge agreements and their disclosure prior to entering into any such agreements."

The water and wastewater utilities are not currently party to any such agreements and there are no plans to utilize such agreements in the future.

6.3 OPERATING PROFILE RELATED

"Key management industry experience and active participation in organizations that keep pace with sector issues, regulatory mandates and technological advances."

The City's practices are consistent with BMP in this regard.

"Use of professional engineers, either within the utility or outside of it, to prepare objective reviews of system performance and needs on regular basis and provide periodic revisions to construction cost estimates."

The City's practices are consistent with BMP in this regard.

"Regular consultation with regional and local growth planners, community development officials, and demographers to predict and, if possible, limit infrastructure needs related to population and business growth."

The City has been very active in such activities in recent years, as evidenced by their participation in the KWA effort to secure a more economical source of water to better meet the City's needs in the future.

APPENDICES

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APPENDIX B: ALTERNATIVE WASTEWATER VOLUMETRIC RATES

Description Volume Adjustment	Test Year Volumes					Test Year Volume Calculation		
	Test Year Base Volume CCF	Test Year Base Volume *Conversion	Test Year Difference Times Rate City	Test Year Adjusted Volume CCF	Test Year Comprehensive Consumption CCF	Test Year Volume Rate CCF	Volume Rate CCF	Difference %
WY 2018/2019 Customer Data								
Total Inside City Residential CCF								
Total Inside City Residential CCF Adjusted	3,338,122	1,074,880	1,000	1,074,880	1,074,880	1,074,880	1,074,880	0%
Total Outside City Residential CCF								
Total Outside City Residential CCF Adjusted		1,074,880	1,000	1,074,880	1,074,880	1,074,880	1,074,880	0%
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial CCF								
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial CCF Adjusted	1,338,122	4,074,880	1,000	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	0%
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial CCF								
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial CCF Adjusted		4,074,880	1,000	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	0%
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial CCF								
Total Inside City Commercial/Industrial CCF Adjusted	1,338,122	4,074,880	1,000	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	0%
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial CCF								
Total Outside City Commercial/Industrial CCF Adjusted		4,074,880	1,000	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	4,074,880	0%

City of Flint Wednesday 9:00am Phone Conference Agenda

June 11, 2014

- 1) **Public Safety Update – FPD, MSP, (FFD, if needed)**
 - a) FPD stats – homicides status
 - b) FFD Vote
 - c) Other update from Chief Tolbert and MSP
- 2) **Governor's Office Update - Rich, Baird, H. Hollins**
- 3) **Lawsuits – Status, Issues**
 - a) Kincaid v City of Flint – TRO has been denied.
 - b) Retiree Lawsuit – Our attorneys filed a motion Friday, May 23, 2014 asking Judge Tarnow to reverse his decision on the injunction which is resulting in the additional \$5 million in expenses in the upcoming budget, offset by significant reductions in police and fire staffing. A status conference has been scheduled for mid-June.
 - c) Letters were sent last week via Registered Mail to pre-65 retirees because 40% did not respond to the requirement to enroll in health insurance.
- 4) **Financial Update**
 - a) Budget revisions have been completed. Preparing EM Order to adopt 6/23/14. Also, as part of FY15, the day-to-day management of the Public Works Department and the Planning & Development Department will be handled by Mayor Walling.
 - b) Preparing for close of the fiscal year 6/30/14. No surprises to report.
 - c) Treasury financial support for FY15.
 - d) Bid for Audit Services – see attached.
 - e) Treasury has draft to impose FPOA contract, COF is awaiting response. This needs to be ready to go to City Council for the June 23rd meeting. Note also, AFSME Local 1600 voted to ratify new contract; a decision point is coming on Local 1799.
 - f) EM is preparing to issue an Order approving the deficit elimination plan.

- g) Treasury has been 3 weeks reviewing the EM Resolution for \$250,000 to Ginosko for public areas landscaping at Smith Village. Can we get this moving?

5) City Council Update

- a) Public hearings on the biennial budget, the street lightening assessment were held on Monday, June 9, 2014. We did not hear any comments which will cause a revision to the proposed budget.
- b) The next monthly City Council meeting is scheduled for Monday, June 23, 2014 when the Council will officially receive the two year budget

6) Blue Ribbon Committee on Governance

- a) Dr. Scorsone is writing the first draft of the report of the Blue Ribbon Committee's findings. The committee will meet to make any changes to the report at the end of June and expects to hold a public comment session in mid-July.

7) Water Issues

- a) River processed water continues to meet all DEQ standards.
- b) Pipe line sale – COF is waiting for corrected letter from Treasury approving sale.

8) Other Items

Attachment: Audit Information

1-888-557-8511, access code 3389106

Created on: 06/09/14